

# ALLIES WAIT FOR TROOPS IN BALKANS

MARK TIME PENDING CONCENTRATION OF SUFFICIENT FORCE TO STRIKE EFFECTIVELY.

## ACTIVITY CONTINUES

Austrians Are Pressing Forward In Effort to Join With Bulgarians. —Nish Stated for an Attack.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Saloniki, Oct. 20.—The entente allies are marking time, pending the concentration of a sufficient number of troops for their operations in the Balkans. A large French force is on the way to Saloniki. French forces have succeeded thus far in protecting the lower end of the Nish-Saloniki railway.

The Austro-German expedition is composed of mixed forces of about twelve divisions. The Austrians have advanced well up the Morava valley and are endeavoring to effect a junction with the Bulgarians, who are making an attack north of the Nish-Zajcar sector.

Army officers here believe the combined armies, when a junction has been effected, will not be satisfied with opening a route across north-eastern Serbia, but will attack Nish. An other serious attack also is under way by Bulgarians with Uscup as the object. This force has occupied last.

French Advance. —Paris, Oct. 20.—The Saloniki correspondent of the Havas agency sends the following dispatch under Tuesday's date:

French troops having received orders not to pass the Bulgarian frontier, Stomnitska has not been occupied by the allies.

The Bulgarians are concentrating troops in Macedonia, supposedly because Roumania appears to be leaning more toward the entente. At the same time three divisions of Hungarian troops are being concentrated on the upper frontier. Communicated by the Uscup railway are now said to be definitely assured for the allied troops.

The entire Bulgarian coast on the Aegean sea has been evacuated by the civil population.

Eight Forces in Serbia. —London, Oct. 20.—Latest reports from the near east indicate Serbia is in deadly danger of being overwhelmed by the forces of the entente. At least ten eight forces have crossed into Serbian territory.

The Austro-German forces are advancing slowly but steadily, their attack being directed toward the junction of the two main lines.

The railroad between Nish and Saloniki has been cut by Bulgarians severing over the frontier in support numbers. No news has been received of the movements of the Anglo-French army, although it is known to have been in action, the railway has been wounded at Saloniki has been reported.

Hope Italy Ready. —Italy's declaration of war against Bulgaria increases the hopes of her allies that she will join in the Balkan campaign, but what form her assistance will take has not been indicated definitely.

Russian Defenses. —Along her frontier her activity is confined to two tips of the long battle line. The Germans are pressing their offensive in the northern area near Riga, while General Ivanoff claims several successes for his Russian army in Galicia.

Lull Comes. —The illness of Premier Asquith has brought a lull in political activity, and the crisis which many persons expected would develop in the cabinet this week is hardly likely to occur until the premier is able to appear in the house of commons.

British submarines, now reported to have been reinforced by Russian craft, continue to inflict severe losses on German shipping in the Baltic sea. Copenhagen newspaper asserts that eight steamships have been the prey of the submarines since Monday.

Montenegro Next. —London, Oct. 20.—It is reported from Frankfurt that the central powers have decided to undertake still another campaign, this time against Montenegro. According to this report, 10,000 Austrian and German infantry, with artillery have arrived from Belgrade at Sarajevo, in Bosnia, about sixty miles north of the Montenegrin border.

These troops, the correspondent says, will soon be dispatched against the Montenegrins, with whom there has been only desultory fighting for months.

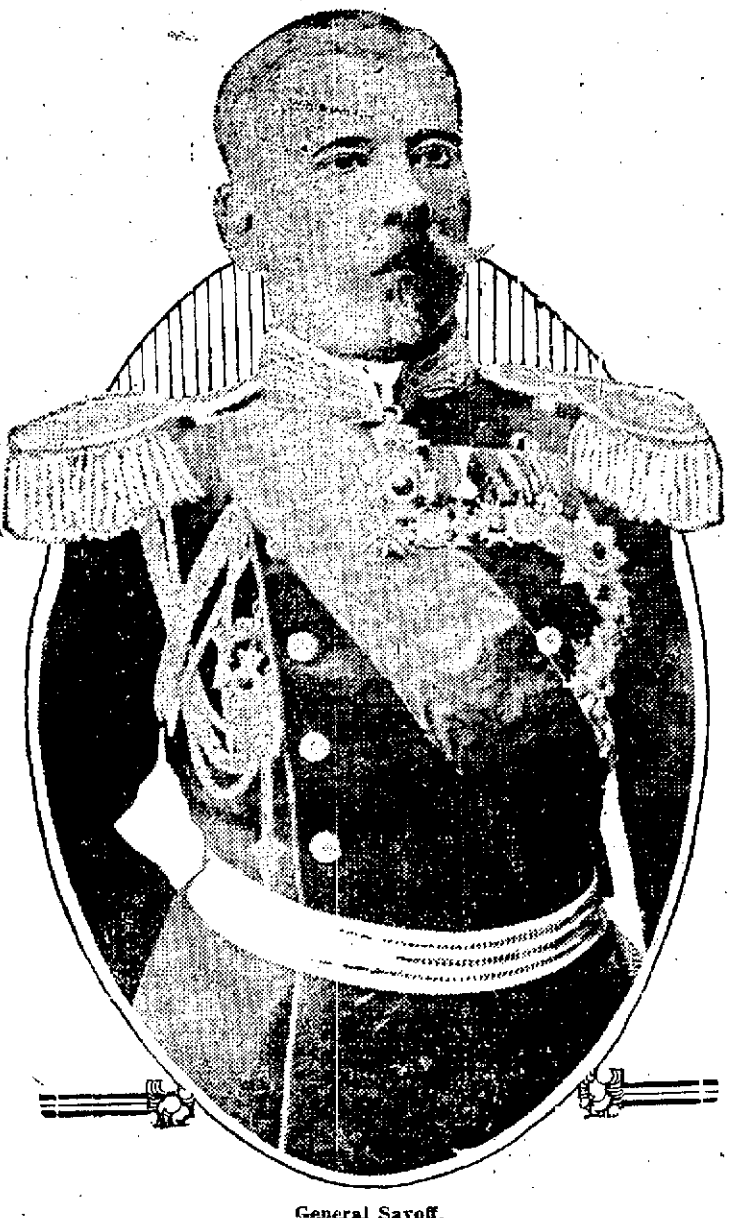
Riots in Petrograd. —Berlin, Oct. 20.—The Overseas News agency says: "Private reports from Petrograd say further riots have taken place today. A crowd led by the social democratic party and member of the duma, demanded for reopening the duma. Cossacks dispersed the rioters and many were wounded."

Capture by Bulgarians of 2,000 prisoners and twelve cannon in Serbia was announced today by the German war office.

DAIRY PRODUCTS AMOUNT TO TWO MILLION DOLLARS

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Manitowoc, Oct. 20.—Manitowoc county dairy products for the year 1915 aggregated a value of over two million dollars, according to a report filed with the state dairy department by the county clerk today. This is an increase of about 25 per cent. over previous years.

# COMMANDER OF THE BULGARIAN ARMY



General Savov.

## French Now In German Trenches; Champagne Battlefield Described

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Paris, Oct. 20.—"We took everything to the edge of the horizon the first day," said an officer standing on the first line French trench whence a wave of men fifteen miles long rose the morning of September 26 and dashed on from one to five miles before the tidal rush of soldiery was stopped.

The correspondent in his first view of the field of the great battle in the Champagne looked across a rolling land whose thin soil was studded with graves and quickly sprinkled with Frenchmen.

Walking over the course of the French advance, the correspondent witnessed the results of the most powerful defense against the most powerful attack of the war. The famous hill, the Butte de Tahure, the occupation of which clinched the French success, resembled a small wooded hill in an eastern American state.

Two Million Men Engaged. —Considering the immensity of the operation—at least one million men were engaged on both sides along the narrow front—it was amusing how apparently small had been the number of French casualties. Officers who have participated in the charge said the German losses had been heavier than the first official estimate and must have reached 150,000.

The labor that had been expended in constructing the German trenches and fortifications was enormous.

It was as if hundreds of thousands of human beavers had never ceased their toil in preparing for their protection. French officers said the Germans have participated in the charge said the German losses had been heavier than the first official estimate and must have reached 150,000.

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# DANIELS TO UTILIZE GOVERNMENT'S YARDS

WILL COMPETE WITH PRIVATE CONCERNS IN CARRYING OUT DEFENSE PROGRAM.

## WILL INSURE ECONOMY

Government Can Manufacture Naval Craft and Accessories at Smaller Cost Than Competitors.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 20.—What the navy expects to do toward preventing private manufacturers from reaping excessive profits on the expenditure of hundreds of millions involved in the administration's national defense program was outlined here today by Secretary Daniels in a speech at the North Carolina state fair. Mr. Daniels said his annual report to congress would recommend legislation to enable the government to equip itself to build more naval craft, make its own armor plates and greatly extend its manufacturing armaments.

Government to Build Craft. —"The government has invested many millions of dollars in navy yards," said the secretary, "and unless this investment is utilized to the maximum, much of it is wasted. If the government is prepared to construct naval craft, private shipbuilding companies making contracts must compete with government yards, which should be able to secure competitive prices and prevent combinations among private corporations to charge higher prices than conditions justify."

Not only must the navy be able to build ships but naval establishments should be equipped to make a portion of all munitions of war.

In this connection Mr. Daniels pointed out that the government paid 80 cents a pound to a private manufacturer a few years ago for making powder but the navy now was making it at a cost of about 25 cents a pound.

Torpedoes and mines, he said, would be being manufactured by the navy at a great saving of money.

These cases could be multiplied," he added, "and the government should advocate any monopoly by the government in the manufacture of munitions. There are many things we can buy from private manufacturers at a reasonable price. The navy, however, should be free to make a large of its own munitions if private concerns charge excessive prices as has sometimes been the case when the government is shut out by competitors."

Only two or three manufacturers.

Saving on Armor Plate. —"It has been ascertained by a special commission that the navy, with a modern plant, can manufacture armor plate from \$230 to \$250 as against the non-competitive prices of \$425 to \$450 a ton charged in the last contract. Expenses of the navy, he said, should not be longer rely upon private manufacturers for projectiles."

And if congress approves we will erect a large factory which will turn out large quantities of fourteen-inch armor-piercing shells as well as smaller projectiles. This will insure better shells and better competition.

The secretary particularly directed the attention of southern farmers to the lack of ships in the American merchant marine to carry their produce to those who need it and are willing to pay for it.

"What the navy needs and, in case of trouble would need sorely," he added, "are auxiliaries properly built and equipped for the navy. A merchant marine with foreign crews is not an American need, either for commerce or defense."

Five Year Program. —Explaining the navy's building program for the navy was decided upon, Mr. Daniels said:

"With men, in and out of the navy, believe that the program, involving an expenditure of five hundred million dollars, will give us a navy well proportioned and far better than so large a program, if it should be authorized, has ever been made by any other government."

The program is based upon all that has been learned by naval experts in Europe and our naval statesmen in America."

Hope that an international understanding might be reached by the naval powers was expressed by the secretary. "I trust," he said, "that this country will take the initiative and that steps will be taken by the naval powers to discuss reduction of the heavy cost of the army and navy."

# AMERICAN BELIEVED DEAD ONLY WOUNDED

Battle Creek Man Fighting With French, Recovering From Wounds Received in Battle.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Paris, Oct. 20.—Having learned that his name was included in the list of Americans fighting with the French army, who are suffering severely in the battle of Battle Creek, Mich., has sent to Paris from the front a letter asking that the report be corrected. Mr. Zinn, of Battle Creek, Mich., has sent to Paris from the front a letter asking that the report be corrected. Mr. Zinn, of Battle Creek, Mich., has sent to Paris from the front a letter asking that the report be corrected.

Seven Plead Guilty TO FEDERAL CHARGES

Charged With Violation of Excise Laws and Will be Sentenced Tomorrow.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Fort Smith, Ark., Oct. 20.—Seven men on trial charged with conspiring to defraud the government in the manufacture of moonshine whiskey, pleaded guilty in the United States district court here today. Sentence will be passed tomorrow. The case against Fred Bowler, Fort Smith, the eighth defendant, was not proceeded. The case against the defendants went to trial yesterday and its action today was a surprise.

SENATOR HOLLS DOES NOT CONTEST WIFE'S DIVORCE SUIT

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Concord, N. H., Oct. 20.—United States Senator Henry F. Hollis of New Hampshire, in an answer filed here today to the suit for divorce, recently instituted by his wife, declared that he would not contest the suit, and asked that Mrs. Hollis be awarded proper maintenance and the custody of their daughter, Anna.

# CALIFORNIA WOMEN FURNISH THE GOLD FOR WEDDING RING

Large Delegation From Sunshine State Present Petition for President to Visit Exposition.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Washington, Oct. 20.—President Wilson today received a delegation of women and girls from California, who gave him a piece of gold from a California mine and also a bar of gold to make a wedding ring for Mrs. Norman Galt, his fiancée.

The delegation also brought petitions signed by 300,000 Californians, urging the president to visit the San Francisco exposition before it closes in December. Later the women gave to Mrs. Galt a cluster of California orange blossoms.

The president told his callers he wanted to visit the San Francisco and San Diego expositions, but that he had been too busy to go west. He said that he did not think he could go, but would change his plans if possible.

The petitions were presented by Altha McQueen, an eleven years old school girl of San Francisco, whose letter of invitation to the president was the best of those written by grammar school children of that city. When the bar of gold was given to the president, he accepted smilingly.

"That is a very happy thought," he added when told a wedding ring for Mrs. Galt could be made of it.

Miss Esther Bull of San Francisco, told the president it had been planned to give them to him but the women thought it better to present them to Mrs. Galt.

# OFFICERS OFF SHIP ARE STILL MISSING

United States to Call Germany Attention to the Violation—May Imprison Others.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Washington, Oct. 20.—Germany's attention probably will be called officially to the two commission officers and six warrant officers of the interned German commerce raiders at Norfolk navy yards who have broken out. Lieutenant Koch and Dr. Kruger, who have overstayed their leave from the ship four days. They were ordered to return to New York and Norfolk last Sunday, but officials have been unable to find any trace of them since. Neither has the yacht Elipse on which they were supposed to have left.

The crews of both ships now are strictly confined to their vessels. If necessary the crews will be transferred to guarded barracks ashore to prevent further escapes.

# SALOONS MUST CLOSE ON FEDERAL ORDERS

Liquor Shops in Hibbing and Chisholm, Minnesota, in Indian Territory Are Banned.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Hibbing, Minn., Oct. 20.—All Hibbing and Chisholm saloons must get out of business November one. The long expected governmental order forbidding the sale of intoxicating liquor in both cities because they are located in Chippewa Indian territory, was delivered today by government officers.

# WELL KNOWN NEWS WRITER DIES IN COLUMBUS

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 20.—An illness covering more than a year ended today in the death here today of Guy Comley, a widely known newspaper writer. He was an authority on financial news, and for many years was in charge of the financial section of the Associated Press. Prior to that Mr. Comley had been a member of the Washington staff of the association.

# GERMAN JEWS HONORED IN THE KAISER'S ARMIES

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Berlin, Oct. 20.—Two hundred and eighty-six Jews in the German army have been promoted to officers, and four thousand Jewish soldiers in the army have been decorated with iron crosses.

# CLAIMS ARE FILED AGAINST THE EASTLAND OWNERS

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Chicago, Oct. 20.—Claims totaling \$470,000 against the St. Joseph-Chicago Steamship company and Indiana Transportation company for the death of forty-one persons and injury of six others in the Eastland disaster were filed in the United States district court here today.

# PROMINENT OSHKOSH MAN DIES AFTER YEAR'S ILLNESS

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Oshkosh, Oct. 20.—William P. Kargus, secretary and general manager of the People's Brewing company, of this city, died early today of cancer of the stomach. He had been ill about a year.

# DANE COUNTY SUFFRAGISTS THANK LA FOLLETTE FOR WORK ON AMENDMENT

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]  
Madison, Wis., Oct. 20.—Nearly 100 women, members of the Dane County Equal Suffrage League, called in a body on Senator La Follette yesterday afternoon to thank him for his efforts in favor of the federal women's suffrage amendment. The senator responded in a short address, predicting triumph for their cause.

# WANT QUARTER MILLION TO BUILD M. E. CHURCH

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]  
Madison, Wis., Oct. 20.—A campaign was started here today to raise \$250,000 for the erection of a Methodist Episcopal church in the Latin quarters. In a circular issued by Rev. E. W. Blakeman in charge of the work, he says there are 1,110 students at the university affiliated with the Methodist church.

# WILSON DECLARES EMBARGO ON ARMS TO MEXICO TODAY

Arms and Munitions of War Are Barred From Troubled Country by President Except to Carranza Men.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Washington, Oct. 20.—President Wilson today declared an embargo on shipment of arms and ammunition to Mexico. The president issued a supplementary order, however, which accepts General Carranza's governor from embargo and permits munitions to go to troops in Mexico unharmed.

Search for Bandits. —Brownsville, Tex., Oct. 20.—Poses and about one thousand United States troops today continued to patrol the border line and search for Mexican suspects in the river district, where a train was wrecked and robbed by Mexicans Monday night.

The killing of ten Mexicans captured by poses yesterday, failed to allay apprehension of further trouble, as none of the San Francisco captured any of the bandit leaders.

According to information from the poses no trace of Luis de la Rosa, the head of all bandits, has been found. The poses are being managed to disappear completely.

Carranza's March. —Torreson, Mexico, Oct. 19, via Eagle Pass, Texas, Oct. 20.—First Chief Carranza finished the first part of his trip through the republic when he arrived here today. Only a brief stop was made at Gomez Palacio, where military honors were accorded to the new head of the government by the army.

In Torreson, where a great part of General Obregon's army is mobilized preparatory to its advance into Villa territory, the most elaborate welcome of the journey was extended. Troops at attention lined the route from the station to the hotel. Three days may be spent here by Carranza. It is planned for him to review the troops before departure.

# FRIGHTENS THIEVES AT GINSENG BEDS

Sheboygan Stands Watch Following Three Other Visits of Daring Marauders.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Sheboygan, Wis., Oct. 20.—For the fourth time in two weeks thieves visited the valuable ginseng beds last night, but were driven away when John Goelzer, who was on guard, fired at one of the thieves with a shot gun.

The thieves were taken on board a Swedish steamer outside the capes, and the rest of the night was spent in the crews of both ships now are strictly confined to their vessels. If necessary the crews will be transferred to guarded barracks ashore to prevent further escapes.

# CHARGES UNFOUNDED DUNNE'S DAUGHTER IS MARRIED TODAY

Chief of Police Healy Issues Statement on Veiled Charges in Murder Case.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Chicago, Oct. 20.—Chief of Police Healy today stated that veiled charges that Phillips, the pawn broker, murdered last Friday night, had been made by the Chicago police, were without foundation. The chief said matters inverted two years ago. The officers involved were exonerated. The report of the investigation was not made public at the time, but was given out today.

# EMPLOYERS' EXCHANGE IS CHARGED WITH BEING FINANCIALLY UNSOUND

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Madison, Wis., Oct. 20.—The Wisconsin Employers' Exchange, a branch of the Sherman and his inter-insurers of Chicago, is charged by Mr. Weber of Milwaukee in a complaint filed here today as being financially unsound. Mr. Weber is the organizer of the Federation of Labor in Wisconsin. He says in his petition filed with the insurance commission and the industrial commission today that he fears that injured workmen extending over the period of years, lose their payments if they have to depend on the exchange. He charges the exchange as being hostile to the compensation of injured workmen in the Eastland disaster were filed in the United States district court here today.

# WISCONSIN AND ILLINOIS LUTHERANS HOLD SESSIONS

Manitowoc, Oct. 20.—Twenty-four ministers of the Wisconsin-Illinois Synod of the Norwegian Lutheran church are holding a three days' session in this city for the discussion of church affairs. Rev. Preuss of Beloit is one of the principal speakers.

# RUSSIA PREPARES TO RAISE LARGE INTERNAL LOAN

Petrograd, Oct. 20.—The Russian government is preparing for early issue of an internal loan of \$500,000,000. The interest will be 5 per cent. The loan will run for a short time.

# MISSING TWO RIVERS MAN FOUND DEAD IN FOREST

Manitowoc, Oct. 20.—Louis Schermeier of Two Rivers, aged fifty years, missing from his home for more than a month, was found dead in a grove a mile from town this morning. A bullet hole in the temple indicated suicide. He leaves a wife and one child.

# PROBE BARES SWEAT SHOP CONDITIONS

STRIKING CHICAGO GARMENT WORKERS TELL INVESTIGATORS OF LONG HOURS.

## FIVE A WEEK BIG PAY

Girl Admits She Can Earn \$7 A Week If She Worked Thirteen Hours a Day at Top Speed.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Chicago, Oct. 20.—Further testimony as to long hours and small pay was adduced at today's session of the aldermanic committee investigation of conditions in the garment trade in Chicago. The garment workers are on a strike. Employers ignored invitations to be represented at hearings.

Meyer Kominsky, a trimmer, said that three hundred and fifty workers struck at his shop, and that only eighteen returned to work. He and other witnesses were questioned by Sidney Hillman, head of garment workers' union.

"How many hours did you work?" asked Hillman. "I was supposed to work fifty hours a week, but frequently it was eighty-four," replied Kominsky.

No Time For Lunch. —Anna Sinsky of the same shop, testified she worked from 5:30 a. m. to 7 p. m.

"How much time did you take for lunch?" asked Alderman Ellis Geiger, member of the committee.

"No time at all. I worked right through the meal hour, because I can't live on five a week," said Miss Sinsky.

"How much?" "Five dollars. I can't live on that and help my mother, who lives in the old country. I went to the foreman and asked him to pay me more money, and he said 'To hell' with you. Get out of here. I can get plenty of girls to work for that."

Sometimes Seven A Week. —The witness said she was paid by the piece, and working at top speed throughout the day occasionally she was able to earn seven dollars a week.

"But the foremen often threw back pieces to be done over and then I lose money."

"Do you mean to say you work like that every day throughout the year, busy season and dull season?" asked Alderman Tate.

"I work like that all the time—all seasons."

Pearl Kruppik, also a striker from this shop, gave similar testimony. Normally, she said she earned five a week, but made seven some weeks by working overtime.

"I wish to say," interrupted Hillman, "that in the decent shop the girls doing this class of work receive twelve a week."

# DOWN SUFFRAGE BY 55,000 MAJORITY

Jersey City, N. J., Oct. 20.—The big majority which New Jersey rolled up against woman suffrage grew today with the steady ripple of the latest returns. Figures still incomplete presaged a verdict against "Votes for Women" of not less than 55,000 majority out of approximately 350,000 votes cast at yesterday's special election.

# A Talk to Local Merchants

Mr. Retailer, you and this newspaper have a common interest in seeing each other grow.

We are dependent on each other. We can help each other or hold each other back.

When a manufacturer advertises his product in this newspaper he is investing his money in this city.

That benefits you. But that advertisement is also interesting people in goods you carry on your shelf.

You should work with the newspaper by showing the goods in your window at the time they are being advertised. It would benefit you and widen the influence of this newspaper.



Optimistic Thought,  
More people are slain by spears  
than by the sword,

Y. M. C. A. activities will be resumed Friday evening, Oct. 20, when Florence Eller of Janesville will be a weekend guest of Miss Margaret Clark.

Frank Sutherland of Janesville spent Sunday as the guest of Lee Adams.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Gillilan of New York, are visiting Mrs. Margaret Barlass.

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# Rexall

## Dyspepsia Tablets

Will Relieve Your Stomach

ere she is carrying on the work in  
a memory of her husband in helping  
assistants to progress in their work.  
She has been very busy in the Jewish  
center and have been hung in the library.  
Inside the picture of McDowell.  
The following program will be  
given:  
Life of McDowell Dea. Ada Pond  
—1820 and Shadow Dea. Ada Pond  
—Mrs. J. L. Wilcox  
—A Maid, Laugh, Light and  
through the Gloomings  
—Mrs. Alice Thomas  
—Serenade Clara Edgett  
—Current Events  
—Mrs. David Holmes  
—To a Wild Rose and Thy Beam-  
ing Eyes Mrs. Emily Sewall  
—Flano Duet, Night by the Sea,  
A tale of Knight, Night by the Sea,  
—Mrs. E. Little and Sara Garbutt

Oats—No. 3 white 36½¢@37; stand-  
ard 35%.  
Clover—\$12@19.

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# Private Care

Desiring "Service" in Repairing  
satisfaction at

## **BUGGS'**

"A Service Station"

sometimes faintness, loss of appetite,  
 the intestines, and, in general, all  
 the symptoms of dyspepsia.  
 Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure  
 blood, and this is why it is so very  
 successful in the treatment of so  
 many ailments. Get it today.

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# For Owners

or Accessories will find full

S A R S A P A R I L L A

Watch Us Grow.

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# THE GOLDEN EAGLE

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## LEVY'S

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# New Style Ideas in

**The "Milady" Side Button  
Gypsy Boot**

That fits without a break, and shows the beautiful curved line of the foot; toe to instep, to ankle in the new shade of Blue, Bronze and Black Kid.

**\$4.50 and \$5.00**

**SEE THEM IN WINDOW.**

This is about one of thirty or more new models in Women's







## The Janesville Gazette

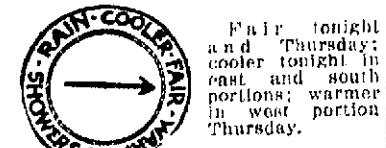
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ESTABLISHED AT THE PRESS OF AN ASSOCIATED PRESS, JANESVILLE, WIS., IN 1858. CLARENCE M. MATTIE.

BUSINESS OFFICE OPEN SATURDAY EVENING.

Members of Associated Press.

WEATHER FORECAST.



BY CARRIER

One Year \$5.00

One Month \$1.00

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## On the Spur of the Moment

ROY K. MOULTON

I care not how the birds sing

Their charming farewell summer

lays;

I cannot say I'm crazy o'er

The beauty of these autumn days.

I care not how the leaves may turn

From verdant green to burn-

ished gold;

I care not for the glorious skies

That the poets have extolled.

There's just one thought I harbor now

A thought that still may very soon

All else grows pale beside the fact—

I've got to buy my winter's coal.

Nothing Strange About That.

Charlie Leedy knows of a girl who

asked the druggist for 15 cents'

worth of aromatic spirits of kinema.

We know of one who asked for 10

cents' worth of perfume of iodine.—

Geneva Press Press.

And we know one who was sent for

powdered borax, and asked for pow-

dered borax.—Houshoun Post.

That's nothing, we know one who

was sent for a water glass and sub-

stantiated the clerk for a glass of water.—

Paimesville Telegram-Republican.

An Ashtabula man was asked by

his wife to buy a book home with him.—

Ashtabula Star.

We know a man in this town whose

wife was doing the family wash and

complained that she couldn't get any

suds, so she went and bought a

barrel of beer and she hasn't done

any washing since.

Intimate News of Our Office.

Our city editor left his Ford out

in front of the office during the cloud-

burst yesterday. The poor thing

couldn't swim and when the torren-

tial waters came it was a matter of

time before it was brought back to life

late in the afternoon.

One of our front windows blew

open and about fifteen barrels of

water flooded over the roof, giv-

ing it the best washing it has ever

had. During the terrible flood on

the war map, Riga and Grodno were

wiped out.

The population of our city suffered

a loss of about fifty-seven per cent.

yesterday. Some find here in the

office for all the Smiths out of the

city directory.

The Procession.

The team is a pleasant soul.

He is a man of cheer.

He drives a cake of ice within my box

And drinks a pint of beer.

—From an old print.

The Greenwarden delivers eggs.

The henfruit that's most dear.

He puts them in the icebox and

He drinks one pint of beer.

The butcher's boy comes with the

steak

And with no shade of fear,

When he has placed it in the chest,

He drinks one pint of beer.

The plumber comes to fix the pipes

And with a knowing leer,

He straightway finds the icebox and

He drinks three pints of beer.

But when I am a thirteenth myself,

I find my icebox empty.

And I hustle down to Joe's.

And Well We Know It.

A bald-headed, grouch-riden

slob of the State years ago was as

much chance to regain his "glib-

hood" as a giant oak has to return

to the acorn stage. The man who

says "old-time" is a salesman for

some anti-fat medicine. He represents

of a particular school of calli-

stenics, a barber or some other kind

of liar. Don't say different; we know

whereof we speak.

PAROLE EXTENSION

IS URGED BY SMITH

Former Head of State Board of

Control Advocates Probation for

First Offenders.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Wausau, Wis., Oct. 20.—Speaking at

the state conference of charities here

last night, Ralph E. Smith of Merrin,

formerly head of the state board of

control, urged a wider use of the

law for the placing of first offenders

on probation. He said there was ur-

gent need of additional probation of-

ficers and that it is impossible for two

probation officers to be in charge of

all of the cases that come to them.

During the year ending June 30,

1915, 175 boys were sentenced to the

industrial school for boys; 278 young

men, first offenders under the state

reformatory, and 595 men were sen-

tenced, said Mr. Smith. He thinks of

their liberty that society may be pro-

protected, but what is done to them and

for them that society may be protect-

ed when they return? We have a

panic over the hoof and mouth dis-

ease; we hold up our hands in holy

horror over glanders, and the black

plague of cholera. It is well that

we should. They are dangerous to

life and limb. But we should be a

passing interest in the 1,048 boys and

men, to say nothing of the 200 or

more who are committed to various in-

dustrial schools for girls, the fathers

and mothers of coming generations

who were so far wrong as to warrant

their removal from society. They are

dangerous in morals, mind and soul.

We have much talk about money for

agricultural exhibits, but so little said

and done for the exhibit behind the

bars. We are willing to appropriate

money for inspectors for dirty cream-

eries, but we build no proper super-

vision for unclean minds.

Mr. Smith said there were thirty-

four counties outside of Milwaukee

where there were no probation officers

and that it was not possible to have

probation officers in all of the counties

in some manner for the prison popu-

lation. He concluded that probation has

not been extended to the extent it is en-

titled to and that additional super-

visory officers are needed.

THE DAILY NOVELETTE

On the Binnacle Deck.

—Avoid the man who always wants

money to borrow money.

Also the one who never has any to

lend.

Prof. Simp.

With "Tough Bill," gunner's mate of

the U. S. S. Megargle, to think was

to act. (Though he was very forget-

ful).

The binnacle deck is only 113 feet

above water. Why don't somebody

get up on it? Somebody asked

Pete Nainsook, captain's duster.

"Why don't you?" responded Pete

with a smile from ear to ear, in other

words, "I will."

"I will," cried Tough Bill. And he

climbed aloft, up the main mast

lines, over the capstan hatch, through

the port belaying holds to the bin-

nacle deck.

For with him, to think was to act.

(Though few men were more forget-

ful. "Ready, go!" cried Tough Bill, and

dove, while the captain's duster

watched below from the afternoon tea

ladder.

"Hey, Pete," yelled Tough Bill after

he had come up for the second time.

"I can't swim! I remember now."

There was a heavy fog that day, so

Pete Nainsook found it impossible to

save him. (He had never known a



Save one-half on your

## Family Dental Bill

by bringing the family to me.

I try to be careful and the children appreciate it.

DR. F. T. RICHARDS

Dentist.

(Over Rehberg's.)

All work fully guaranteed.

## Be a First National Saver

Our Savings Department offers you an opportunity to pile up a reserve fund for your use in time of need.

Nearly two thousand people are now taking advantage of this department of our bank.

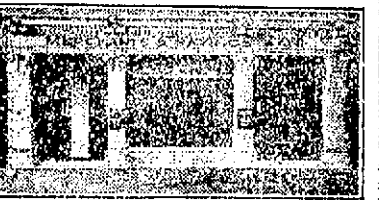
One Dollar opens an account.

3% On Savings.

## The First National Bank

Established 1855.

The Bank With the Efficient Service.



## "The Bank of the People."

### MAXIMUM EFFICIENCY

### MINIMUM EFFORT

In handling your business transactions, paying bills, and keeping your accounts straight, you will find a Checking Account the best "first aid" ever invented.

Open a Checking Account at this bank with whatever amount is convenient. Small accounts receive the same attention as large ones.

Savings Depositors may find it convenient to keep a small checking account also.

## Merchants & Savings BANK

ESTABLISHED 1875.

### HONEY AND APPLES

Choice white Honey 6 lbs. for \$1.00; choice hand picked fall and winter apples, 75c a bushel; delivered to any part of the city.

J. E. RANDALL.

Bell phone 1606.

### PIANO

Miss Clara Schwartz, pupil of J. Francis Connors, will arrange for a few piano students. Special attention given beginners. R. C. phone 257. Bell phone 357. 402 Locust St.

### TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

FOR RENT—Upper flats at 217 Racine St. Inquire at 633 Milton Ave. 45-10-20-31.

FOR RENT—A modern 6-room house. Inquire at 1320 Western Ave. after 5 o'clock evenings. 11-10-20-31.

FOR SALE—Trained Beagle hound, one year old. Old phone 1332 or 1035 Jerome Ave. 22-10-20-31.

FOR RENT—Four living rooms, down town; \$8.00 per month. Bell phone 328. 9-10-20-31.

FOR RENT—Flat, all modern, 415 Milton Ave. New phone 1146 Red. 45-10-20-31.

FOR SALE—Baby buggy; tires in good condition. Old phone 1933 or 220 Palm St. 15-10-20-31.

### Arsenic Not Fatal to Birds.

Investigations by government scientists show that the spraying of trees with preparations of arsenic to eliminate the gypsy moth is not necessarily fatal to birds. The scarcity of birds in regions where much spraying is done can be explained by the fact that the spraying diminishes the supply of insect food and the birds are obliged to seek it elsewhere.

### Loved Daddy, Too.

Pinning a flower on my little four-year-old boy's suit on mother's day, I said to him: "You must wear this rose today to show that you love your mother, Edward." In a little while he returned to me, saying: "Mother, please pin another rose on me so people will know I love my daddy, too." Exchange.

### BRIEF LOCAL NEWS.

Circle No. 6 will meet at the M. E. church Friday morning at 9:30 for work on the quilt. Mrs. Horwood, president.

The O. E. S. Study class will meet at the home of Mrs. C. V. Kerch, 126 Jefferson avenue, on Thursday afternoon.

Janeville members of the Order of Eastern Star have been invited to a banquet to be given at Edgerton on the evening of Tuesday, Oct. 26. All members who desire to make the trip by automobile will notify E. T. Fish not later than Saturday. The start will be made from Masonic Hall at 4 o'clock.

## DARK HORSE ALWAYS UPSETTING THE DOPE

Two Box Cars Proved to Ticket Agent That Unexpected is Always Liable.

On "sure things" the dope is just as liable to go wrong as on anything else. Ticket Agent Floyd L. Davis of the local Milwaukee road realized this fact yesterday afternoon when he was on time this afternoon? I want to get to Chicago. It's always late and I don't want to take a chance and miss getting to Chicago tonight. Davis thought the train was late and quite fresh and replied, "That train's always on time." The passenger took exception to this and attempted to explain that four months ago he made the trip and arrived here five minutes late. The argument waxed warm and the traveling man finally stumped Davis to make a wager on the train's arrival here. "Betche shall not get here on time," he said, "I'll take the bet." Davis, the two deposited a quarter apiece with a bystander. Davis thought the matter cinched. This train has been running on better than schedule time for the past two or three months, with the exception of the period of the big storm, and on several occasions arriving at the station some several minutes ahead of time, 4:35.

But just as it happened yesterday the ball of chance interfered. Two freight cars derailed at Monroe blocked the main line. This afternoon passenger train was more than two hours late. Davis left the bet money with the night operator. The traveling man called it called it with the remark, "Would have rather lost the money than to miss getting into Chicago tonight." He had to wait until this morning.

Big Boys and Little Men's, all

## GOOD ROADS BOYS

TO MADISON OCT. 27

Plans of the Rock county Good Roads committee to entertain the boys of the county at Madison on Saturday next in appreciation of the work they have accomplished during the summer months in road repair work have been postponed. The governor will not be at the capital on this day and the committee has decided to postpone the trip to the next day. The trip was to be one of the prominent features of the trip the journey will not be held on the date arranged. Instead the boys will go on next Wednesday week from the city.

Secretary W. J. McDowell of the Janesville Commercial club today announced that he had received the list of boys eligible to make the trip. Supervisor of Education George McKelvey, Kirkland Meloy, Charles McKelvey, James Madden and Forman as boys eligible from Johnson township. E. Bingham of Lenox township, supervisor of Harmony township has listed David Smith, Elmer Bingham, Roland Rice, Howard Rumpf, Ray McCarthy, Harold McKelvey and Thorman; Anderson J. Warner of Lenox township, supervisor of Lima township announced that William Perry, Merrill Elphick, Ernest Zillmer and James Powers are eligible from his district. O. O. O'Connell of Oshkosh, supervisor of Plymouth township has listed up Clarence Olmstead, Nils Olmstead, Jay Tossun, Clayton Rummage, Lyle Naston, Ellis Douglas, Edward Butler, Supervisor of Lenox township, Edgar O'Connell and Gus as boys who have done good work in the western part of the county. From Fulton township, Peter Anderson of Edgerton, Supervisor, Edward Perry, George Scott, Harold Pratt, Herbert Murwin, Robert Berg, George Bulbitz, Rollin Blison, William Condon and Lester Koran are eligible and from Clinton township, R. B. Taylor, supervisor, Paul Dresser, John Wagatz, Ray Peterson, Edwin Goss, Louis Jensen, William Deering, Cecil Cowry, Harvey Nelson and Reinhardt Hahn will make the trip. From Madison, P. P. Bennett of Evansville, supervisor, Lester Townsend and George Letts are eligible.

At Madison the prizes will be awarded by Chairman George S. Parker of the Good Roads Committee. The hope was expressed this morning that every boy whose name appears on the list would be able to attend.

## OBITUARY

Thomas Reilly Sr.

Requiem high mass celebrated at 9 o'clock this morning at St. Mary's Catholic church over the remains of the late Thomas Reilly Sr. The pallbearers were Dennis McGee, William McGee, George McGee, Trenworth, John Hamble, Charles Newton and Edward Sheridan. The body was laid to rest in Mt. Olivet cemetery.

Mrs. Miles Fanning, the wife of a prominent Town of Harmony farmer, succumbed suddenly to an attack of heart trouble at her family home, near 5:15 o'clock last night. Mrs. Fanning was fifty years of age and was a native of Ireland. She came to the United States about twenty-seven years ago and has since made her home in Rock county. Besides the husband she is survived by four children, two daughters, Rose and Mary, and two sons, James and Miles Jr., all of whom reside at home, and also by two grandsons and a brother who live in the old country.

The funeral will be held Thursday morning at 9 o'clock at St. Mary's Catholic church. The Rev. W. A. Goetz will officiate. The body will be laid to rest in Mt. Olivet cemetery.

Aisiah Burnett.

The funeral of the late Aisiah Burnett was held this morning. Interment was made at Oak Hill cemetery. The Rev. Joseph C. Hazen conducted the services at the grave.

Esther Jane Baldwin.

Funeral services were conducted by the Rev. Joseph C. Hazen over the remains of Esther Jane, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Baldwin, who died at 227 Racine street. The body was laid to rest in Oak Hill cemetery.

## INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND

QUARANTINED FOR DIPHTHERIA

Three mild cases of diphtheria were discovered at the Wisconsin Institute for the Blind today, and the institution was immediately quarantined. The invalids were at once removed to the hospital and the buildings thoroughly fumigated and every precaution taken. Two girls and a boy, the sufferers and their ages at ten, fourteen and fifteen years.

Marriage Licenses: George J. Senne and Ethel Ann Walker, both of Janesville; Edwin L. Booth, Rockton, and Hazel F. Burlison of Beloit; John Fioerich of Janesville and Martha Mueller of Milton; and Joseph G. Seer and Maragret, both of Beloit were today granted marriage licenses.

Read the want ads every day what you are looking for may be there.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. George Walker, 152 South Academy street, was called home by her father's sudden illness, to Pardeeville, Wis.

Mrs. S. A. Carman returned last evening from an extended eastern trip. She visited Washington, New York and other cities.

Mrs. W. E. Elder of Stoughton, was a Janesville visitor today.

Mrs. G. H. Runkel is visiting for a few days in DeKalb.

W. P. Mason spent today at Madison.

John Nolan transacted business today at Oshkosh, Wis.

W. E. Lawyer was a Madison business visitor today.

Charles Worthington visited friends at Milwaukee today.

Mrs. L. G. Catchpole, Mrs. George Koffman and Mrs. W. E. Clinton left today for Sheboygan, Wis., to spend a few days. They will attend the meeting of the King's Daughters of the Baptist church, held in that city this week.

George F. Halverson of Oshkosh is a business visitor in town today.

Miss Harriet F. Bain of Kenosha was the guest of Janesville friends on Tuesday.

Mrs. F. Turville and Mrs. Cora Dickinson have gone to Beloit to attend the Rebekah lodge convention held in that city today. Mrs. Dickinson is vice-president of the state.

Mrs. W. G. Palmer, Mrs. J. D. King, Mrs. Melanier, Mrs. A. A. Russell and Miss Helen King motored to Lake Geneva this morning to spend the day.

Mrs. Harriet F. Bain of Kenosha is visiting with old friends in this city today.

Mrs. Fay Edgington of Rockford is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Schnell, of Milton avenue.

Mrs. John Falter of Pleasant street entertained Circle No. 1 of the M. E. church at her home this afternoon.

Birthday club met on Tuesday with Mrs. E. B. Jackson.

A luncheon was served at one o'clock. W. G. Williams of Rockford is a Janesville business visitor today.

W. J. Hughes left today for Magnolia, where he has a contract to resurface two miles of country road, which was built six years ago.

Mrs. George W. Caldwell of South Beloit spent the day on Tuesday in Beloit.

J. L. Taylor of Watertown is a Janesville visitor today.

Miss Agnes Buckmaster of South Main street spent Tuesday at Lake Geneva, where she went to attend the wedding of a cousin.

F. C. Dalton of Madison was a business visitor in Janesville on Tuesday.

J. P. Swanson of Rockford spent yesterday with friends in this city.

Mrs. Everett Mason and son of Eau Claire, Wis., who have been visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Shumway, of Court street, have returned home.

O. O. Hurless of Viola, Wis., is spending the day in this city on business.

Miss Tillie Hein, who was the guest of the first of the week of Miss Lillian McDonald of South Main street, has returned to her home in Beloit.

Mrs. J. A. Sutherland of Dodge street will entertain an auction bridge club on Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Palmer of Court street have returned home from a visit in Detroit, Mich., with Mr. and Mrs. Horace Blackman.

Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Bakely were visitors in Evansville this week with friends.

Miss Julia Pierce has returned to Johnson town after spending the first of the week with Miss Kittie Fanning in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Goodrich of Ft. Atkinson spent the day in Janesville on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Van Billa of the town of Lima have returned from an automobile trip to California. They visited both fairs. Mr. Van Billa entered several fine horses and took home the first prize in each class. He made both ways by automobile.

Mrs. J. C. Waltzinger of Madison was the guest this week of Mrs. Charles Wild of the Hotel Myers.

George Paris of Oshkosh, who is home from a business trip of several weeks on the road.

Miss Jennie Gardner has returned from a visit of a few days in Racine with her sister, Mrs. W. E. Palmer.

G. C. Olin of Milwaukee avenue was a business visitor in Chicago on Tuesday.

A party will be given this evening at the Parish house of Christ church. It will be given for the children of the Sunday school and the young people of the parish. A supper will be served at five o'clock and the evening will be filled with dancing.

Miss Nettie Pann and friend of Beloit were Sunday visitors at St. N. Westby's, and family.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Crosby entertained company from Beloit Sunday.

Mrs. G. L. McGee, North Washington street, entertained last evening in honor of her sister, Mrs. L. G. Catchpole, who was a guest of last month.

Edward Abbott, formerly of Janesville, but whose home is now in Michigan, has been visiting his brother, Thomas Abbott, four or five days.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Grimes of Avon and Mrs. Thos. Cox of 618 South Jackson street, this city, started this morning on an extended trip through the west. They will stop at Seattle, Portland, St. Helens, Corvallis, San Francisco, Los Angeles, and Long Beach. On returning will visit also at Salt Lake City, Colorado Springs, Graple Creek and Denver and expect to reach home about December 31. They have many relatives and friends at the different cities whom they intend visiting.

Mrs. Billa Frank of Beloit, Mrs. Clara and Mrs. Ora Chant of Clinton are the guests at the home of Jesse Earle and family.

## "THE BLUE MOUSE"

PRESENTED BY BESSEY

Popular Stock Company Offered Clyde Fitch's Famous Comedy to Large House at Myers Last Night.

It is easy to appreciate why the Bessey Company is so popular with their audiences. Taking their rendition of "The Blue Mouse," Clyde Fitch's clever comedy as an example of the best work the company has to offer, the ability of each member of the cast. The comedy went along rapidly, the lines were well handled and there was plenty of action throughout the entire play. Miss Nellie scored a distinct hit as Panette Devine. "The Blue Mouse" while Mr. Bessey was seen in the character of Augustus Rollet, a young man who is looking for a raise in his position. Indeed every member of the company were very good in their respective parts.

Tonight "The Man on the Box" will be offered.

## At St. Mary's Hall

Circle No. 5 will give a card party and dance at St. Mary's hall Friday evening, October 22nd. Cards from 8 to 10, dancing 10 to 12. Music by Menzie's orchestra. Tickets 25c.

## MISS LOUISE MYHR WEDS BELOIT MAN

Married in Same Room as Were Her Parents.—Miss Margaret Gannon Weds John Flemming.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred J. Myhr, the wedding room and place where her parents were married, at St. Mary's church, Beloit, Miss Louise Myhr, twenty-six years ago, their eldest daughter, Louise, was united in marriage to Wesley W. Schettler of Beloit, who is now in the army. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Ewing pronounced the words which united the happy couple, the service being used. After congratulations the guests repaired to the dining room, where an elaborate three course dinner was served, the table decorations being pink roses and candles.

The newly wedded couple left this evening for a two weeks' auto trip, after which they will make their home in Beloit, where the groom is employed as a draughtsman with the Fairbanks-Morse Mfg. Co.

Gannon-Flemming. The marriage of Miss Margaret Gannon and John P. Flemming took place this morning at seven o'clock at St. Mary's church. The Reverend Father Goebel read the marriage service.

Miss Mary Gannon, sister of the bride, and William Flemming, brother of the groom, attended them. After the wedding a breakfast was served at the home of the bride, 539 South Jackson street. The decorations were in pink and white and covers were laid for thirty guests. Mr. and Mrs. Flemming left for Chicago during the morning.

They will be at home to their friends at 217 Lincoln street. They are out of town guests were Mr. and Mrs. Gannon, later and son Peter of Beloit, and Lawrence Batty of Escanaba, Wis.

## HAVE FIRE DRILL AT HIGH SCHOOL

First Regular Fire Drill at High School This Morning.—All Students Get Out of Building in Quick Time.

This morning at the high school the students were given their first regular fire drill for the year. There had been one alarm before, but it was given when the signal being given being repaired in the manual training rooms and showed the need for further drills in the same line. Principals of the school first gave instructions to the freshmen and new members of the school as to how they should march out when the alarm was sounded. The drill this morning was given in the gymnasium. It took one minute and twenty-nine seconds for everyone to get out of the building. This is very quick time as there are nearly five hundred pupils in this school.

## INDIAN QUESTIONS BEING CONSIDERED

Regular Bulletin Service Advocated to be Conducted by the Government.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.) Mohonk Lake, N. Y., Oct. 20.—A regular bulletin service, conducted by the government, news paper to keep the Indians and Indian traders informed of what is being done at the reservation, was advocated today by John M. Oskison, of New York in an address before the Lak Mohonk Conference on the Indian and Other Dependent Peoples.

"One item of the platform of the Society for American Indians is embodied in this section: 'The present confusion of reservation Indians as to their legal rights is due very largely to their lack of essential information. They have no means of knowing what their tribal rights are to the letter of the laws and rulings governing them. This information should be commonly available, as also should be of the income and disbursements of the tribe through rents, leases or trust funds.'"

"To bring the Indians to the position of enlightened citizenship, the Indians must know the details that affect their progress to the point of good citizenship."

"We therefore call upon the Interior Department, through the Bureau of Indian Affairs, to prepare a set of circulars giving the details of the laws governing reservations, and to publish the special rulings of each agency."

"These should be added financial accountings, in order that the Indians most affected may be given that confidence in the Government's interest that is so necessary for good citizenship."

"Certainly if we believe him capable of taking some part in solving these problems, we ought to let him know the actual laws and rulings of the office under which he must act."

"Very jealously, and properly, the Indian Office has refused to make public the financial conditions of individual Indians. But when it is possible for Indians to be deceived as to the source of money expended for their tribal benefit (believing it to come from the Government as it often is, in fact it is taken from Indian money), it is time at least to publish fully the facts as to tribal funds."

"I would welcome a regular bulletin service to be given at Indian Affairs. Let it be of the character of the excellent Consular Reports of the Department of Commerce, gathered up from all the material which comes into the Washington office all suggestions for the betterment of the Service."

"Let these regular hints, news items and reports of progress go to as many of the Indians as can read them. Give the intelligent Indians the reservation a chance to know the world. Give them a chance to take the initiative in putting some of the plans into practice."

"I would like this bulletin service prepared, not by any clerk bound by the routine of the office nor by an overworked Commissioner, but by a person trained to sift material for the significant and interesting points and to put this in simple, readable form. I would have a trained newspaper writer to establish and maintain this bulletin service under the supervision of the Bureau and with the hearty cooperation of the Bureau."

DID NOT SELECT NEXT MEETING PLACE FOR D. A. R.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.) Marshfield, Wis., Oct. 20.—The place for the next meeting of the Daughters of the American Revolution will be announced by state officers in April. They adjourned this noon after holding independent state organization here.

If you want to buy or sell anything use the want ads.

## ANTISEPTIC NEEDED FOR GUNSHOT WOUNDS

French Surgeons Experiment to Find Antiseptic Adoptable for Needs in War.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Paris, Oct. 20.—Dr. Alexis Carrel and Dr. Henry M. Dakin in making their discovery of the new antiseptic for gunshot wounds carried on the work with antiseptic fire sounding almost constantly. Several houses near the chemical laboratory of the Rockefeller Foundation at Compiegne were struck by the huge 42 centimeter shells. However, Dr. Carrel has continued on duty in his laboratory without permitting his researches to be interrupted.

The antiseptic is the result of eight months of experimental study in the laboratory and of six months' test in various French military hospitals. As it has met the required tests, it is expected that the antiseptic will be used on a large scale by the surgeons of the French army. In connection with a statement concerning the new antiseptic, Dr. Carrel said that while there had been a surprising lack of epidemic diseases this past summer in the trenches, the greatest medical need of the war was an antiseptic which might be used immediately after a soldier had been wounded in order to prevent the frightfully rapid infection which sets in at the early stage of the wound.

He explained it was not wounds but infection, caused through the carrying of soiled bits of clothing into wounds by projectiles, that brought about the majority of deaths. He said that antiseptics heretofore known, while often good for external use, were not effective for washing deep wounds, where the infection was most violent.

During the later work on the new antiseptic, Drs. Carrel and Dakin laid down the general principle that neither antiseptic powders nor antiseptics dissolved in oils or vaseline should be applied in liquid form.

The new antiseptic, which is based on hypochlorite of soda with its irritating properties neutralized by the use of carbonate of lime and boric acid, may be left a week on a wound without any inconvenience. The antiseptic is prepared by the decomposition of chlorite of lime with a solution of carbonate of soda, filtered and the residue removed. This final solution of the antiseptic should not be kept more than a week, nor should it ever be injected into the veins.

By the use of alcohol, a solution may be obtained that remains efficient for at least a month. Such a solution has already been placed at the disposition of Paris surgeons.

The antiseptic was found to destroy gangrene tissues. It also coagulates the quality of arresting blood flow in a limited measure. In practical hospital work the antiseptic developed remarkable strength.

"What are your usual modes of punishment?" was among the questions submitted to a teacher in a rural district in Ohio. Her answer was, "I try moral suasion first, and if that does not work I use capital punishment."

As it was a neighborhood where moral suasion had not been a success, and the children were scarce, the committee took no risks.

To Make Bandages. Bandages can be prepared from the good parts of worn sheets or pillow slips if perfectly clean. Rolls six to eight yards in length are most convenient—one inch wide for fingers, two inches for feet, two and one-half to three inches for head and arms and four inches for legs. A good way of keeping them in condition for use is to seal the rolls in a perfectly clean glass fruit jar.

They sell everything—the Gazette Want Ads.

## AMERICAN INVENTS POCKET WIRELESS

Dr. H. B. Cox with his receiver raised for a message.

Dr. H. Barringer Cox of Bedford Hills, N. Y., has invented a compact and efficient wireless receiving apparatus which may be strapped about the waist and deftly hidden in the folds of a cloak so that it would be invisible to an unsuspecting person. The doctor intends to lend his invention to a certain foreign power for use in the trenches until the war is over.

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Dr.



# WOMAN'S PAGE

## Married Life on \$80 a Month

"It is of no use to try, really; the matter is settled. I suppose the Molly Sumner gave in and is firmly resolved not to say anything to John about seeing him out with the money. Having so resolved, I immediately, I suppose, the worst possible scene, and John was too furious to enter his protest and left the house in a towering rage. He has hardly spoken to me since."

"Don't be so hard on yourself, Molly, dear. You know that day you said that you could cry all night and expect to be able to get sane and sane."

next day. Rub your bruises, get up and go on." Olive Ellison smiled encouragingly.

A scornful smile was her only answer. Olive was busy trying to devise some means of cheering the forlorn little woman and so did not reply.

"I have the consolation of knowing I am right in my suspicions, if it can be called consolation. Your husband told you in so many words that he prefers other company to yours." Molly's tone was very bitter.

"Remember he was angry. You of all people ought to be able to make allowance for what people say in anger. You know they often regret their words and would like to unsay them."

"Now, I believe the thing to do is to forget your trouble as much as possible. You have got to get out of the slough of despond; no woman is attractive when she is gloomy. Let her gloom colors the whole landscape."

"Here comes the doctor. Get your things on and we will go for a little ride, and you must positively refuse to think of a trouble all the way. Jack is as happy as a king when he is riding. He watches for the doctor with his cunning little face wedged in between the bars of the gate whenever he is in the yard." Olive hurried around to get ready.

"The doctor is so good to him; I surely appreciate his kindness," said Molly fervently.

"Why can't you and your husband come over here this evening? We could have a game of cards and some lively chatter, and you would go away feeling like a new creature. Would he come, do you think?"

"If somebody besides me asked him, he might," Molly visibly brightened at the prospect of a little pleasure. They were strangers in town and she made few acquaintances.

The doctor's auto stopped in front of the Sumner home soon after John arrived. He stepped out and he gladly accepted the invitation.

"My wife needs to get out; it will do her good," he said. He was almost as much in need of cheering as was Molly.

Molly brightened under the influence of her jolly companions. Her laughter rang out, and John stared in amazement at the transformation happiness made in her. He was not used to that. He was shaking his usual side to Molly. He had become silent and morose at home.

The doctor took them home in the auto, for little Jack was asleep and he would not allow them to awake him. Molly wondered what a pitying heart how John would act when they were left alone together. He had been so changed that evening. She had tried to tell Jack about his father's cry while she listened to her husband's movements about the house. Was this the beginning of better things for them, or would he escape into his moody silence? She determined to make every effort to keep the atmosphere free from any irritation if it were possible. (To be continued.)

## HEALTH TALKS

**Needs of the Scalp.**

Some people take an annual bath after the weather becomes sufficient settled to warrant the risk. Others bathe several times a year, seizing opportunities when they do not have to go out too soon after the adventure. Still others bathe the part of the body as often as once or twice a week, but hardly dare to make it complete other than once a month.

A clean scalp is as rare as an ideal husband and as easily attainable.

The underlying itching cold delusion keeps a lot of people from being clean even in these enlightened days. It is no longer considered dangerous to bathe and put on fresh raiment, or to change the bed linen day by day, but somehow the old boggy still hangs over our heads and we are afraid to take a shampoo every week or more. It is a queer feeling, but some of us are rather shy dirty than take the imaginary chance of catching cold.

A thorough shampoo of the scalp every day is not less frequent for persons who have dandruff. Certainly the scalp should be washed at least twice a week, dandruff or no dandruff, if one lives in a city. In the country, the skin does not get so smutty and soiled and less frequent bathing is necessary.

As for the best kind of soap, the ordinary household soaps universally employed are quite satisfactory. It is preferable to the cheap medicated and scented toilet soaps made of goodness only knows what.

The important thing is to rub the soap into the scalp. It is not enough to get the hair, that needs cleaning, and then to rinse it out completely, so that no soap will be left on the scalp or hair. Dry the hair reasonably well and go about your ordinary business. Even if the hair is still a little wet there is nothing to fear. A few scapes receive enough brushing. The scalp should be brushed vigorously with a good, long-bristled hair brush every night and morning, so that it glows with warmth. About a hundred strokes of the brush will do. Of course the hair should not be wet or oiled. Thorough brushing and thorough cleanliness keeps it in the best condition.

**QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.**

I would be grateful for any information you can give me about the prevention and treatment of inflammation of the mouth in babies. What causes this trouble? The mouth becomes sore, red and tender; the baby gets feverish and peevish; white spots surrounded by narrow reddish spots appear. It lasts a week or more.

Answer—Unpleasant nipples, fingers, milk or other things which may enter the mouth. Use full strength boracic acid solution (all the boiled water for the dilution). Wash the mouth before and after feeding. Feed only cool or tepid foods. Lots of water to drink. Boil dishes, spoons, nipples, etc., to sterilize them. Keep the baby in a cool room. Give boracic acid solution between feedings. Touch each white spot with a little iodine (one part tincture of iodine in ten parts water or alcohol) twice a day, by means of a wisp of cotton on toothpick.

Scarlet Fever Under Any Name.

Please explain the difference between scarlet fever, scarlet rash and scarlatina.

Answer—It is the difference between a twenty-five cent piece, a quarter dollar and two bits. All three are scarlet fever.

## SIDE TALKS

**Heart Fires.**

The other day I had occasion to ask help of two people in finding my way.

Both were women. Both gave me the help I needed. But oh, such a difference in the manner of giving! I explained my errand to the first woman. Her face lit up with animation and her eyes shone with friendly interest. "Yes, I know the place you mean," she answered. "It must be that dear little old-fashioned house in the corner. I know you'll love it. Go down the first street to the right," etc., etc.

When I thanked her she responded with a warm, "You're entirely welcome," that made me wish I could do something for her.

The woman without cordiality explained my errand to another housewife and the second woman listened with an impassivity that made me wonder if by any chance she could be deaf (she wasn't, at least not in the ears, in the heart, maybe). Then she answered me with a coldness of tone and manner that made me feel as if I were running my head against a blank wall. I wanted further information, but didn't dare ask her. I thanked her and she very slightly inclined her head in acknowledgment and passed on.

These two women were perfect examples of the difference cordiality, and the lack of it, can make in a personality.

Cordiality is a Fire on the Heart of the Heart.

Cordiality is a fire on the heart of the heart. The friendly bask in its glow and even the stranger feels its cheerful influence in his momentary contact with its owner. The heart of a person who utterly lacks cordiality is like a chilly room with a clean-swept, fireless hearth. The room may be beautifully furnished, but no one feels cheered or at home in it, even its owner.

The Heart Fire Shines Through.

I know a woman whom everybody likes. She is rather plain and not terribly clever, but oh, she is so cordial! You always feel cheered and warmed by meeting her. It is the influence of the heart fire that always blazes on the hearth of her heart. It shines through her eyes, the windows of her heart and soul, and warms her voice and manner.

Cordiality is a gift. Or is it wholly a gift? Cannot one kindle the fire by deliberate effort of one's will?

It is not quite sure which is the way of it. Guess it's about six of natural gift and half a dozen of acquired talent.

Is there a fire on the hearth of your heart?

If not, don't you want to kindle one?

Italy's Tobacco Consumption.

Italy consumes less tobacco per capita than any other civilized nation.

If you want to buy or sell anything use the want ads.

## SAGE TEA DARKENS HAIR TO ANY SHADE

**Don't Stay Gray! Here's a Simple Recipe That Anybody Can Apply With a Hair Brush.**

The use of Sage and Sulphur for restoring faded, gray hair to its natural color dates back to grandmothers' time. She used it to keep her hair beautiful, dark, glossy and abundant. Whenever her hair fell out or took on that dull, faded or streaked appearance, this simple mixture was applied with wonderful effect.

But brewing at home is messy and out-of-date. Nowadays, by asking at any drug store for a 50 cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get this famous old recipe which can be depended upon to restore natural color and beauty to the hair and is splendid for dandruff, dry, feverish, itchy scalp and falling hair.

A well-known downtown druggist says it darkens the hair so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied. You simply dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears and after another application or two, it becomes beautifully dark, glossy, soft and abundant.

## SUFFRAGETTES ARE CONFIDENT OF WIN AND GIVE REASONS

### For First Time in History President and His Cabinet Are in Favor of Equal Voting Rights.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Washington, Oct. 20.—Will President Wilson's state vote for suffrage and his cabinet members' declarations in favor of suffrage precipitate a National Woman Suffrage victory for the women warriors who have waged the battle Susan B. Anthony started in Washington in 1848?

Two suffragists believe so. They point to these facts:

For the first time in history a president and a majority of his cabinet officers have declared themselves in favor of suffrage for the first time. Suffrage was brought to a vote in the house.

The acquisition of eleven full suffrage states and one with partial suffrage, favorable reports from committees and the great demonstrations in Washington, within the last few years, led suffrage workers here to believe the amendment declaring "the right of suffrage shall be denied or abridged—on account of sex" will this year go to the states for ratification.

January 19, 1869, Miss Anthony and Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton called a Washington convention of workers to bring the amendment to the attention of congress. The capitol looked askance at the little group of women asking for some right that had been denied or abridged. They were pictured by cartoonists, as persons who wanted to "wear trousers."

By hard work Susan B. Anthony secured a hearing on the proposal to extend the suffrage to women of the District of Columbia, instead of taking it away from the men. There was no further result.

The workers planned a long campaign. With representatives secured from nineteen states, they formed the National Woman Suffrage association, and petitioned congress. For a time the believed proper stage for such a ruling. It was denied. Several women tried to vote under these two amendments and the case of one was taken to the United States Supreme court, where it was adversely decided.

Meantime, campaigns were being conducted in a number of states. The amendment was drafted in 1873 and was first introduced into congress by Senator A. A. Sargent of California in 1878. The resolution has been presented in every congress since. From then until her death in 1906, Susan B. Anthony addressed house and senate committees at all hearings.

Women workers for suffrage have appeared steadily before congress between 1878 and 1914. One vote, unfavorable, was secured in the senate. With the addition to the electorate of between three and four million women voters in the west, the issue took on new life. The vote finally carried in the senate in 1914, but eleven votes of a two-thirds majority and that in the house last January but seventy-eight.

The amendment, if adopted, will be sent to the state legislatures for ratification. A favorable vote by two-thirds of the states is necessary to its success.

There are now under way four campaigns for suffrage in New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts and Pennsylvania. While suffrage workers are hopeful of successful results on Nov. 2, they are not claiming victory. If defeated, they believe a sufficient sentiment for suffrage will be shown, to make a favorable impression on congress.

The first big demonstration in Washington this year will be held at the opening of the session early in December. At that time hundreds of thousands of petitions will be presented to the president and to congress.

A great, radiant depicting the life of Miss Anthony will be shown. Delegations will urge the president to make his stand for suffrage effective by appealing to democratic congressmen to aid the passage of the amendment.

**Easy Case to Conduct.**

Soft snaps are comparatively few, but the attorney for the defense when a good-looking woman is the defendant shouldn't worry much.—Atchison Globe.

## LADY TEYNHAM SEES WAR ON WEST FRONT

Lady Teynham has just returned to England from a motor car tour of the French front. She was one of a small party that went out to discover just what could be done to relieve the civilian population.

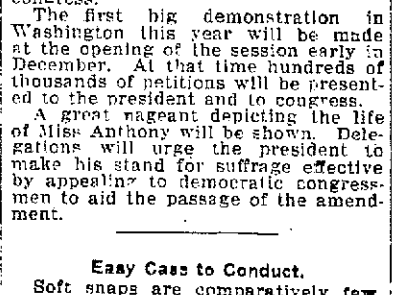
**People Ask Us**

What is the best laxative? Years of experience in selling all kinds leads us to always recommend

**Rexall Orderlies**

as the safest, surest and most satisfactory. Sold only by us, 10 cents.

Smith's Pharmacy.



Lady Teynham.

Lady Teynham has just returned to England from a motor car tour of the French front. She was one of a small party that went out to discover just what could be done to relieve the civilian population.

## Heart and Home Problems

Letters May Be Addressed to Mrs. Thompson, in Care of The Gazette

Dear Mrs. Thompson: I am a young man and will soon be twenty-one years old. I have a good position and as soon as I am twenty-one I am going to buy a lot and build a house on it.

(1) In order to do this what would one be required to do?

(2) Do I have to prove that I am twenty-one?

(3) What does one have to do to get a deed?

(4) What do I have to have to do for the house and lot separate, or would the whole deed made out for the entire value?

(5) Would one have to have a new will made out for the entire value?

(6) Does one have to have a license when he gets a license when he is twenty-one?

(1) Look around and find the kind of house and lot you want. I think it would be advisable to buy the house rather than build one, because then you know exactly what it is going to cost and that it will be satisfactory; while in building, unless one is experienced, the result is apt to be disappointing and more expensive than was planned.

(2) The one from whom you buy furnishes the deed.

(3) The whole value would be in one deed.

(4) Not unless he wanted to sell.

(5) No.

Dear Mrs. Thompson: (1) I am a girl, past twenty-one. I have no mother but I have a father and a brother who is two years younger than I. He is away at college now. Father and I are going to see him this month. Would you advise me to travel in a dress or a suit?

Dear Mrs. Thompson: We are a pair of troubled twins looking forward to our fifteenth birthday, when we are to give a party.

(1) At our age should we give a dancing party for both boys and girls?

(2) At such a party should we serve refreshments?

(3) Should a high school girl of fifteen have a beau?

(4) A boy friend of mine in high school has asked me for my picture, although he pays more attention to my sister. Should I give it to him?

(1) I wouldn't. Have a party where you play games. I think the young people would enjoy it more.

(2) Yes. At a dance, lemon or punch are served. This time of year, doughnuts and apples make appropriate refreshments.

(3) No.

(4) No. A girl should not give her pictures away promiscuously.

## Household Hints

**TO TEST EGGS.**

Dissolve two ounces common salt in one pint water. A fresh laid egg placed in this solution will descend to bottom of vessel; the egg laid on the day previous will not quite reach the bottom. If the egg be three days old it will not swim in the liquid, and if it is more than three days old it will float on the surface and project above the latter more and more in proportion as it is older.

**THINGS WORTH KNOWING.**

Preserve cider by boiling raisins in it, skimming and bottling. Raisins give a fine flavor and are themselves improved for further use.

When baking fish, remember to line pan with waxed paper; then there will be no disagreeably sticky dish to wash.

Take your husband's old silk neckties and unravel them. The silk makes excellent darning cotton and can be used for making and embroidering soft cushions.

To Remove Dust From Velvet—If a piece of black crepe is used (mourning crepe) instead of a brush it will remove every particle of dust and make the velvet look like new.

**THE TABLE.**

Swiss Steak—Four and one-half pounds round steak; pound well each side till all threads are out, then rub salt, pepper, flour on each side. Have spider hot with half butter and lard; put steak in, fry brown on each side, then set back on stove and simmer 2½ hours with a cover, or slowly. Form its own gravy. Very delicious and juicy.

New Cheese Salad—Dissolve one tablespoon powdered gelatin in four tablespoons boiling water. Add strained and add half pound American cheese, grated, and one pint whipped cream with seasoning of salt and paprika. Pour into wet mold and allow it to become firm. Turn it out, cut in slices, place each slice on a crisp lettuce leaf. Serve with good boiled dressing. This salad will answer for twelve persons.

Salad Dressing—Yolks of four eggs, two tablespoons sugar, three-fourths cup vinegar, butter size of walnut one teaspoon mustard. Mix and boil until thick. Add whites of eggs well beaten. If desired, add cup of cream.

The Lightest of Breads—Two cups flour (pastry), one-fourth teaspoon salt, four rounding teaspoons baking powder. Mix, chop into this two fat tablespoons butter (or lard), then add gradually one cup milk. Roll out dough, cut in small biscuits, place in greased pan and bake in quick oven for twelve minutes. Dough should be very soft.

Mother's Love Kneads—One egg, one tablespoon each of sugar, butter and milk, pinch of salt, pinch of nutmeg; add enough flour to knead very hard, but this cut into pipe stems, tie in two or three knots and fry in hot lard. Sprinkle with pulverized sugar while hot.

Chocolate Pudding (simple and inexpensive)—Three-fourths cup granulated sugar, 1½ teaspoons corn starch, one tablespoon cocoa, pinch of salt, small lump butter; flavoring. Mix these together and into mixture pour one pint boiling water. Let it boil until desired thickness. It also makes a splendid filling for one pie.

Sponge Cake—Beat yolks and whites of four eggs separately. Into the yolks stir one cup sugar and scant teaspoon flour well sifted with a level teaspoon of baking powder. Beat long—at least twenty minutes. Add a teaspoon of flavor to suit taste and fold in lightly the stiff whites. Bake in large loaf or round tin as this cake will double in size. Bake in steady oven. It should be done in three-quarters of an hour. This cake is just as cheap as other cakes in spite of using five eggs, as there is no milk or butter used, and it has never failed.

Pudding—One-half cup of rice, one cup of raisins, one-half cup of sugar, four and a half cups milk or part cream, pinch of salt, nutmeg; after washing rice well add milk, sugar, salt and nutmeg, put in moderate oven and when rice is soft add longer.

**Her Own Business.**

The charming young woman who expected to be married soon, went to the registration book for the first time. "The man in charge asked: 'With what party do you expect to be affiliated?'" "That's none of your business," she replied. "If I have to tell his name I'm not going to register, so there."

Read the want ads every day. What you are looking for may be there.

## MOVIES IN SCHOOLS FAVORED IN WISCONSIN.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Madison, Wis., Oct. 20.—Wisconsin schools are going into the motion picture business for profit but as an aid to education.

When the teachers in 75 schools in the state say:

"First class in history will not register the students ones don't grab for their books. The teacher pulls down the blinds and starts the movie machine. The films show every stage of American history from the time Columbus discovered America and Washington crossed the Delaware down to the present war.

Seventy-eight public schools have their own motion picture machines. Sixty-three have been equipped during the last year and about 25 more schools are planning to install the necessary equipment this year.

There are 285 schools equipped with stereopticons. At present about 15,000 lantern slides, 200 objects and 130,000 feet of motion picture film on 100 subjects are made available by the extension division of the state university.

## A LARGE LEGACY GIVEN BRITISH WOMAN FOR AIDING SOLDIER

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

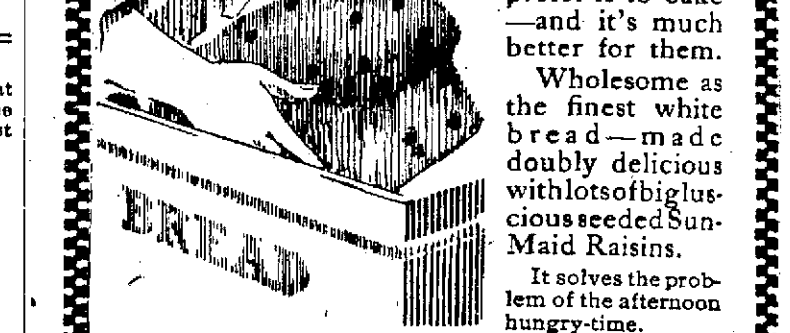
London, Oct. 20.—A legacy of \$50,000 has just come to Mrs. John Ware-

ham of Golear, Yorkshire, as a sequel to her kindness to a wounded Australian soldier, Robert McClure, who was a ranchman from New South Wales, was seriously wounded during the turks attempt to cross the Suez Canal. He was sent to England and lodged at a hospital, not far from Mrs. Wareham's home. Mrs. Wareham, whose husband is serving in the army, paid frequent visits to the hospital and did several small services for the wounded McClure, who died about a month after reaching England. He made Mrs. Wareham his sole heir.

## Deserves Admiration.

Our admiration for the man who, whether the conversation starts on garden sash or the philosophy of Bergson, will yet bring it in three adroit sentences to his favorite hobby.—Milwaukee Journal.

Want ads buy and sell.



## Keep California Raisin Bread In Your Bread Box for the Children

Little folks prefer it to cake—and it's much better for them. Wholesome as the finest white bread—made doubly delicious with lots of big luscious seeded Sun-Maid Raisins. It solves the problem of the afternoon hungry-time.

**California Raisin Bread**

Made With **SUN-MAID RAISINS**

You will like this Raisin Bread because it is made with this kind of raisins

Made from the most delicious grapes grown—California white grapes—too thin skinned and tender to ship. The bright California sun dries them in the open vineyard—removing the water and leaving every bit of nutrition in unchanged form. Such raisins as these are worth seeking. Seeded (large raisins with seeds extracted); Seedless (made from seedless grapes); Cluster (choice bunches on stems, not seeded). At your grocer's in one-pound packages.

California Associated Raisin Co., Fresno, Cal. Membership, 6,000 Growers

Raisins are Nature's candy—good for Little Folks

## J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

## ATHENA Underwear

is tailored to fit the figure smoothly, snugly and entirely. It is fashioned to fit like a glove.

Here are the features that give Athena its comfort, its daintiness and its tailored fit.

## Sloping Shoulders and Sleeves

Conform to the shoulders without wrinkling under arms. **Perfected Shoulder Stay** Keeps garment from stretching across the shoulder, and holds sleeve in place.

## Curved Armhole

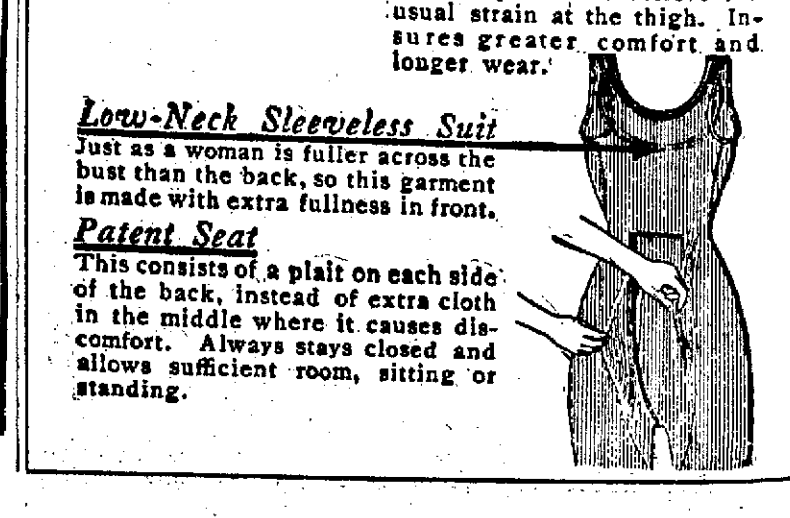
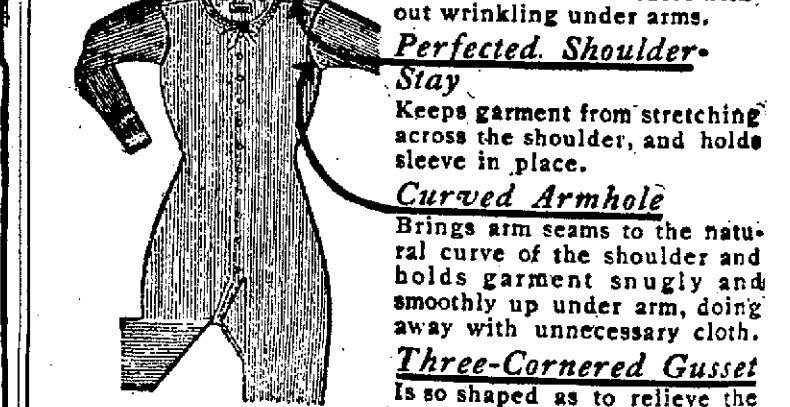
Brings arm seams to the natural curve of the shoulder and holds garment snugly and smoothly up under arm, doing away with unnecessary cloth.

## Three-Cornered Gusset

Is so shaped as to relieve the usual strain at the thigh. Insures greater comfort and longer wear.

## Low-Neck Sleeveless Suit

Just as a woman is fuller across the bust than the back, so this garment is made with extra fullness in front. **Patent Seat** This consists of a plait on each side of the back, instead of extra cloth in the middle where it causes discomfort. Always stays closed and allows sufficient room, sitting or standing.



## Save Time!

Most toilet and bath soaps must be rubbed and rubbed to get a lather, particularly when the water is hard.

## KIRK'S JAP ROSE Soap

lathers instantly and freely in hard or soft water. Rinses away like magic, leaving the skin soft and perfectly clean.

Your Dealer Sells It



Read the want ads every day. What you are looking for may be there.



# THE WOMEN'S COUNCIL

Edited by MRS. ABBIE HELMS

## "Let Us Meet and Counsel Together"

Colombia ..... Mrs. Gibbons  
 Foreign Policy ..... Mrs. Taylor  
 November 6 ..... Mrs. Eddy  
 Ecuador ..... Miss Clemons  
 Guatemala ..... Mrs. Keller  
 Research and Educational Work  
 of the Federal Government

Nov. 20—Hostess, Mrs. Thompson.  
 Economy or Distinguishing Between  
 Our Needs and Our Wants  
 Reading ..... Mrs. Jenkins  
 Display of Christmas Work  
 Music

Dec. 4—Hostess, Mrs. Capelle  
 Brazil ..... Mrs. Whiffen  
 Venezuela ..... Mrs. Taylor  
 What's the Matter With Rock Coun-  
 try? ..... Mrs. Weirick  
 Dec. 18—Hostess, Miss Clemons  
 Forest Conservation in Wisconsin  
 Good Roads and the Lincoln High-  
 way ..... Mrs. Helms  
 Our Part in a Better Janesville

Jan. 8—Hostess, Mrs. Farnsworth  
 Bolivia ..... Mrs. Murdock  
 Paraguay and Uruguay ..... Mrs. Helms  
 Twilight Sleep ..... Mrs. Whiffen  
 Music

Feb. 5—Hostess, Mrs. Craig  
 Feb. 19—Hostess, Mrs. Helms  
 Birds and Their Protection  
 Local Shrubs and Flowers

Intensive Gardening ..... Mrs. Farnsworth  
 March 4—Hostess, Mrs. Jenkins  
 Argentina ..... Miss Youngclaus  
 China and Pottery of Our Fore-  
 fathers ..... Mrs. Munn  
 Art of the California Fair

March 18—Hostess, Mrs. Murdock  
 Reciprocity Day  
 April 1—Hostess, Mrs. Weirick  
 Brief History of Alaska  
 Mines of Alaska ..... Miss Clemons  
 Other Resources of Alaska ..... Mrs. Capelle

Music  
 April 15—Hostess, Mrs. Murdock  
 Famous Characters of Alaska  
 Railroads and Other Recent Devel-  
 opments of Alaska ..... Mrs. Jenkins  
 Woman's Part in the World's Peace

Music  
 April 23—Hostess, Mrs. Taylor  
 Ellis Island ..... Mrs. Weirick  
 The Immigrants: What Can We Do  
 For Them? ..... Miss Youngclaus  
 Recent Laws Concerning Immigra-  
 tion ..... Mrs. Eddy  
 Reading from "Little Alice"

May 13—Hostess, Mrs. Thompson  
 The Old Fashioned Day  
 The Gowns that Our Grandmothers  
 Wore ..... Mrs. Helms  
 Old Furniture ..... Mrs. Craig  
 Display of Old Fashioned Articles  
 Old Time Spelling Bee Leaders  
 Mrs. Thompsona Mrs. Roberts  
 May 27—Hostess, Mrs. Munn  
 Business Meeting

ATHENA CLASS  
 This club held a social on Tuesday  
 afternoon at the home of Miss Helen  
 Welch, who is one of the members of  
 the entertainment committee. Music  
 and singing were the order of the  
 program of the afternoon. Refresh-  
 ments and a delicious tea was  
 served at five o'clock. The next meet-  
 ing will be held in two weeks, when  
 the program of the evening will be  
 taken up. Mrs. Capelle is the pre-  
 sident and Mrs. Nuzum the secretary  
 for the ensuing year.

SUFFRAGE MEETING AT  
 THE LIBRARY HALL  
 Miss Harriet McBain of the Ke-  
 nosha County Suffrage League, gave  
 an informal talk in library hall on  
 Tuesday afternoon. She is a member  
 of the state board on women's suf-  
 frage, and she discussed the plans of  
 that body in forwarding the work.  
 She said that Wisconsin at present  
 was helping the other states in the  
 field, that \$200 had been sent to New  
 Jersey to assist in the publicity work  
 carried on by the state and that the  
 board had sent Mrs. Yarnall to Ro-  
 chester, New York, and were paying  
 her expenses there that she might  
 help in the campaign for that state.  
 She hoped the state to bring up the  
 question of the suffrage question in  
 being made to assist the workers in  
 that state when the time came to do  
 so. She considered that the argu-  
 ment advanced by President Wilson  
 that the suffrage question was a state  
 matter, to be not tenable in view of  
 the fact that the enfranchisement  
 of the negro had been accomplished by  
 amendment to the constitution, then  
 why not the enfranchisement of  
 woman by the same means. A com-  
 mittee from the state board had been  
 appointed to talk with Hon. H. A.  
 Cooper of the state and ask him what  
 was his view on the suffrage ques-  
 tion, as this matter will undoubtedly  
 be again brought up in the house of  
 representatives this winter. On ac-  
 count of Mr. Cooper's early return to  
 Washington a delegation of about 75  
 ladies called upon him at his home in  
 Racine on Thursday, Oct. 14. In re-  
 sponse to their intercession as to his  
 position on the suffrage question, Mr.  
 Cooper responded as follows. He  
 said:

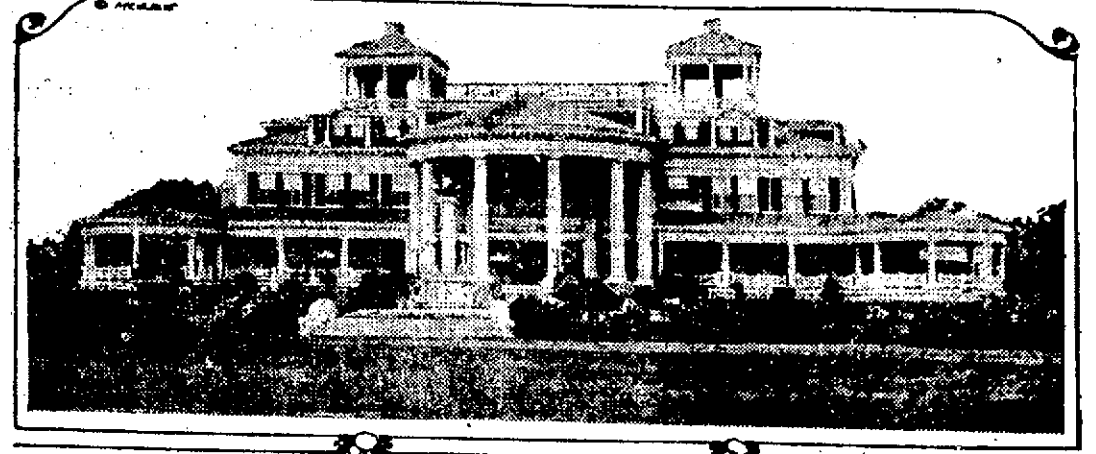
"I never had to be converted to  
 suffrage. I imbibed it at my mother's  
 knee. Your appeal is strong. I do not  
 doubt your right to vote, and if a  
 person has a right, no man has a  
 right to stop him. If one has the  
 courage of his convictions, he will  
 stand up for the right to whom it  
 belongs."

DRAMA LEAGUE  
 About twenty members of this or-  
 ganization are going to Beloit this  
 evening to hear a lecture by Gran-  
 ville Barker on the subject, "Ideals in  
 the Drama." The lecture will be given  
 in the evening at the Beloit theatre.  
 Barker is a well-known dramatist and  
 playwright, and his lecture is ex-  
 pected to be a most interesting one.  
 His name is synonymous with  
 the very tendencies in dramatic pro-  
 duction and he is a most valuable  
 and instructive help to the Drama  
 League and right in line with the  
 work they are trying to do.

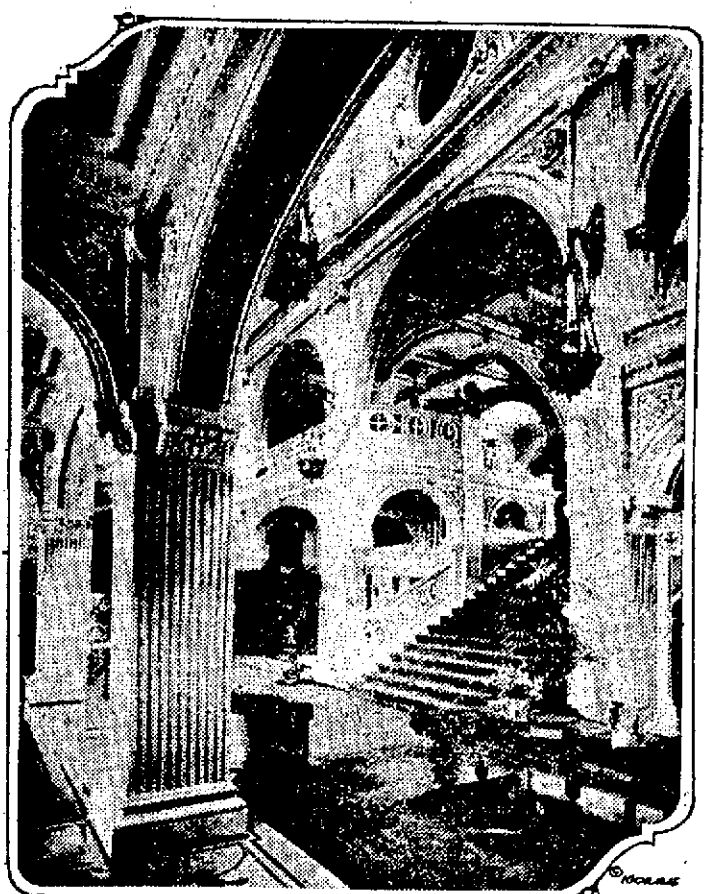
MAY SUBSTITUTE SPANISH  
 FOR GERMAN IN ENGLISH  
 SCHOOLS AND IN TRADE  
 (SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE)  
 London, Oct. 20.—The educational  
 authorities in London are considering  
 the substitution of Spanish for Ger-  
 man as a second language in schools  
 and public examinations. The reason  
 for this change is that Spanish is  
 more useful than German in the  
 present day, and it is more easily  
 learned by the young people of this  
 country.

Program of Philomathian Club  
 Season of 1915-16  
 October 16—Hostess, Mrs. Kerch  
 Club Work of the District ..... Mrs. E. F. Woods  
 Pres. First Dist. Fed. of Women's  
 Clubs  
 Report of Meeting of State Federa-  
 tion by Delegates  
 October 23—Hostess, Mrs. Koebelin  
 Mutual Relations of North America  
 and South America ..... Mrs. Kerch

## BEAUTIFUL JERSEY ESTATE MAY BE PRESIDENT'S SUMMER HOME



Shadow Lawn.



Main staircase of Shadow Lawn.

It is said that President Wilson will not return to Cornish, N. H., next year, but will spend the summer with his bride at Shadow Lawn, the home of the late John A. McCall at Long Branch, N. J. Shadow Lawn is a magnificent estate, suitable in every way to accommodate the presidential establishment. Long Branch, N. J., Oct. 19.—Popu- the Sea" since it was erected in 1902, long known as "The White House" by the John A. McCall country mansion

at Norwood Park. Long Branch, is perhaps the most imposing home on the whole Jersey coast. This is the home which President Wilson last week told a New Jersey delegation he would probably make the "summer White House" next year.

"Shadow Lawn," as the builder named it, is a lavish but stately edifice in the Colonial style, with gracefully grained pillars, broad porches and piazzas and high balconies. Gateways open hospitably to all roads and pillars mark the boundaries of the estate, while the great front portico faces the ocean.

As its popular title implies, the mansion is white, with a red tiled roof, which supports two pavilions, surrounded with fluted columns. Over the north portico is a spacious room, the interior is a blend of Italian Renaissance and English Gothic and classic Renaissance styles. The drawing room is adorned with rich porticoes, the woodwork is of decorated ivory enamel. The billiard room is marked by ornate fluted columns, embellished doors and mantel, with dark mahogany woods for a background. The billiard room is paneled of red, with beams and elaborate tracery of black oak, is a treasure room of Gothic embroidery and medieval carved figures. A long promenade on the roof adds a characteristic of a battlemented castle.

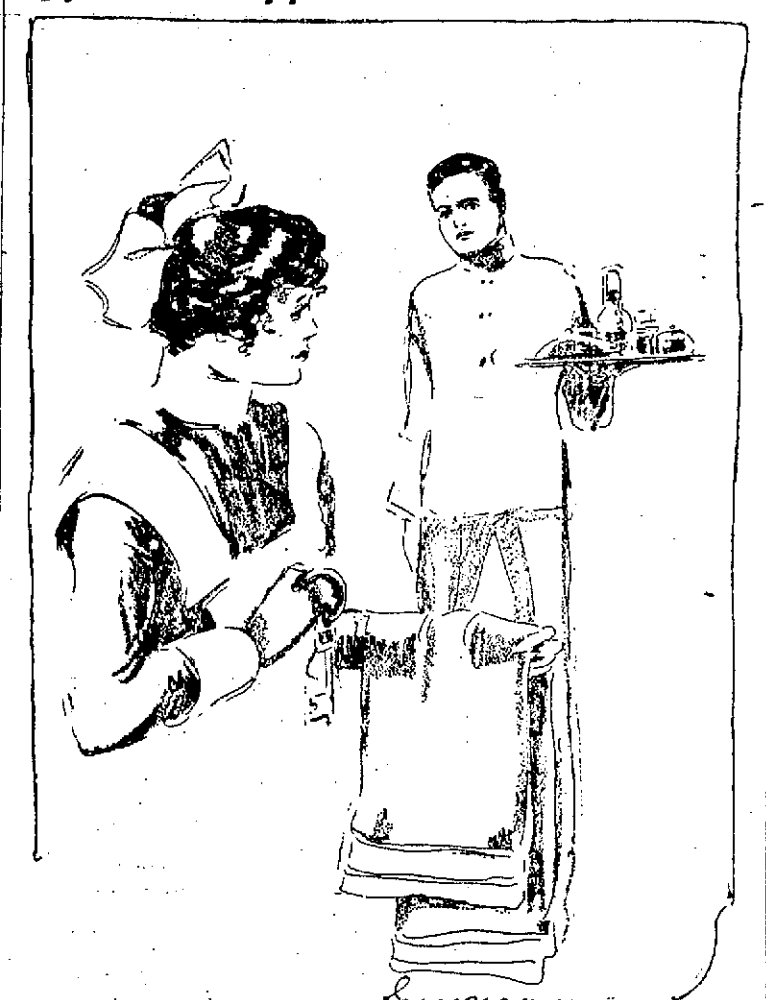
On the main floor at the entrance is a hall measuring 75 feet by 85 feet, with a stairway 25 feet wide at the base of the hall, and branching out into a promenade gallery surrounding an open court, 20 by 55 feet, surmounted by a glass dome. On this gallery and the one on the third floor open the bedroom suites. The suite to be used by the president and his bride is finished in old blue with a ceiling of cream white and ivory-tinted woodwork.

Built at a cost, including site and furnishing, of \$1,050,000, by Mr. J. Call, who was president of the New York Life Insurance company, it was sold by him two years later, for less than \$400,000, to Myron H. Oppenheim, a New York lawyer. At the sale it was said the maintenance cost was \$1,500 a week.

The estate has changed hands several times since, but never until now has "Shadow Lawn" been so long in the hands of one family as it has been thought of as a White House in a double sense.

## Types Appreciation

By Sara Moore.



Although Tony lived in the congested community consisting of five or six servants, employed in the small hotel, he was the most lonely man on earth. With good fellowship flowing all about him, he was isolated by his small vocabulary and his shyness as well as his nationality. The Irish and American porters were gruffly indifferent to "gany." The waiters in the big dining room were German. Also they were skilled workmen with great scorn for the clumsy apprentice to their craft. A German, a Frenchman or an Englishman, knew to be good table-serving servants. But a Dago and an Irishman were always hopeless. The Italians were too excited and the Americans never sufficiently humble to attain perfect servility. They sometimes let him help in great dining-room rushes, but mostly his duty was to carry trays to the rooms.

It was because he was allowed above-stairs that Tony came to know Della Murray, the demure little Irish girl on the third floor. In the servants' quarters men and women employees were strictly segregated and the girls were under the chaperoning eye of the head housekeeper. It was only because Tony penetrated so close enough to talk to the subject of his adoration—to be of service to her.

He did not know whether his hot southern heart was drifting until the old maid on the second floor moved away and Tony had no regular morning trip to Della's special position. At first he thought the girl over his disturbed routine, but because he would miss the old lady's generous tipping, then, after three days' separation, he saw Della's blue

alliance. Sometimes she got very angry, because Tony dared to lift his eyes to her. At times she was just as furious because he expressed his adoration in the form of a letter, and his brown glances. He had glorious black-fringed eyes, as wide and gentle as a girl's; his smile was as sunny and irresistible as a baby's.

Della was very much surprised, one morning, to have the two young women who had moved into the front suite gasp as he brought in the letter. The letter was a masterpiece of the kind of love letters that were so common in the days of the late Mrs. Astor. They stared, silently, almost without winking, until he had bowed himself out again.

"Did you ever see such a handsome man in all your life?" demanded Miss Jessie, the minute the door had closed.

"He's as beautiful as a Greek god," breathed Miss Stella, with great criticism, but wholehearted conviction. "He's mine, Jess. I am going to use his head for that central figure in the blue panel. Della, do you suppose that waiter could be persuaded to pose for me Sunday mornings—or whenever he gets a day off? Will you tell me something about him?"

Della went away bewildered. Tony, the dago, was the handsomest man the artists ever seen and they were going to put him in a picture! Even after they had begun to use as a model, she could hardly credit her senses. She used to hang around the rooms when he came with meals and found that they treated him with easy friendliness. They had both been in Italy, they had loved to talk about his home places to them. The day that she found that Jess, the youngest, could talk his own language, she felt a pang that seemed to be in her throat and her left side all at once.

She knew that the banker's daughter on the first floor had eloped with a chauffeur, why shouldn't a rich young artist marry the most beautiful man in the world?

Tony found her looking at him with new, approachable eyes, when he came away from the artists' room (jingling a 50 cent piece and a change) a moment and more to make conversation that could hold them together an instant, and remarked, smiling:

"The young ladies have given me two concert tickets."

Della, the demure, hesitated, blushed and then nodded gently.

"Tony, what a nice of you, she beamed demurely. 'I'd just love to go with you, if you think my Sunday suit—in that grand place—will do.'"

Both Della and the house-keeper were aware of that long before Tony realized it.

He had smiled at his touching confusion and eager deference. They rather enjoyed watching him fluster when Della was at all gracious. In a way, they had to like him. He was always so pretty polite and, at times, so helpful. When Della had to move furniture or put up curtains, Tony was always so long about doing the work, or getting orders that the kitchen hated him for his impudence, and even threatened him with charge. Because the housekeeper realized the perfect deference in his tone when he never particularly discouraged Della's mild flirtation.

"I have means of knowing her good, steady, saying boy," she hinted to the amused damsel.

"Go on! That dago!" snuffed Della, daintily.

"Anyways, he's a good Catholic," pointed out the housekeeper. "Even when Tony was ill for a week, Della refused to acknowledge that she had any real interest in her admirer. She never accepted his invitations to outings and dinners, because Tony dared to lift his eyes to the haughty head waiter who adored her would never stop teasing her. She discovered her 'viper' in a mere 'immigrant' boy."

No self-respecting girl would be ambitious enough to make such an

THE BRUTE.  
 Clorinde—And her husband thinks she is extravagant.  
 Dorothy—Why?  
 Clorinde—Just because she insists on having Fido's monogram stamped on his dog-biscuits.

A great deal of interest has been aroused by this undertaking, and the ladies of the city are taking hold of it with a vim to make it a success. Several clubs have postponed their meetings to let nothing interfere with the enterprise. Many pleasing novelties as well as old time favorites are being prepared and capacity crowds should rally to see this attraction. Remembrance to cord to Y. M. C. A. auditorium Oct. 22nd and 23rd.

Reception at Y. M. C. A. Building for the Mothers.

More than half of the number of mothers of the boy members of the Y. M. C. A. gathered at the assembly room of the building on Thursday, Oct. 14, at 2:30 o'clock. It was in response to invitations sent out in the Ladies' Auxiliary who were hostesses of the occasion. Mrs. J. R. Cunningham, president of the Auxiliary, presided at the meeting and the opening number was a musical selection by Miss Wilma Jones. She gave a serene and then in response to an encore rendered a beautiful cradle song. A prayer was given by Mrs. Cunningham, in announcing the following reception, said that the room was an original one, given in a lecture and hearing it, she had asked the author for a copy.

The title of the selection was, "Mother is a chum of mine," and was given in a vigorous and manly way by Henry Tall.

Mrs. Cunningham gave an informal talk in which she outlined the various classes of boys in which she had been interested. She had been looking over the record of the 50 boys with whom she had come into contact and felt that those who had been interested in the Y. M. C. A. work had been greatly benefited thereby. She then introduced the boys' secretary, Mr. Center, to the audience, saying that he had been in the work for several years.

Mr. Center began his talk by saying, "The normal boy makes the normal man."

He said that the endeavor of the Y. M. C. A. was to encourage an all-around development of the boy and that his motto was "Help the other fellow." They tried to help the boy physically, mentally and morally. The physical training they expected to attain by gymnastic drills and team work, and by taking the boys on trips and excursions to nearby factories where they could learn something. The spiritual growth was to be fostered by bible classes. There were about 240 boys now having membership.

And the problem was, how to keep them busy. This could be done in part by dividing them into groups, according to their several tastes, and interesting them in photography, wood work, telegraphy or mechanical pursuits. Some boys could only be held by fun, tournament, and various kinds of sports. Others, however, would be attracted to all. He said that all this would take time, and he thought it took at least five years to train a boy for service. He hoped to co-operate with the church and the school in fitting a boy for the duties of life. The older boys are to help the younger ones and are organized into committees for that purpose.

Mr. Center spoke of a new ruling which had been made, that might at first be unpopular with the older boys. And that was that the rooms could be used by the high school boys only on Friday and Saturday evenings as well as every afternoon between 4 and 6. This would give the working boys a chance to use the rooms the other evenings.

Mr. Center stated that he believed that cigarette smoking was more prevalent among the boys of this town than any other place he had ever been in would take a long time to try and correct the evil of this habit.

He also answered the question of how mothers can help by telling of the various activities planned for the boys during the winter. They hope to have a simple luncheon for the boys every Tuesday before the bible lessons and several banquets midwinter, spring and fall, more elaborate occasions. They had planned for a father and son banquet to be served by the Mothers' club.

Then in turn the boys had decided to have a banquet to the mothers and fathers on some date during the winter. They figured on making all the preparations and doing the serving themselves and considered that it would be quite a "swell occasion."

After the talk by Mr. Center, a most delightful solo was rendered by Mrs. J. R. Nichols with Mrs. Leek as accompanist. The title of the selection was, "My Task," and its sentiment was very appropriate to the occasion.

Mrs. Cunningham then introduced Mrs. Bearmore as the leader of the Mothers' club. She gave an informal talk on the needs of mothers of helping each other and that in helping the boys they would all receive great benefits therefrom.

She said that the boys greatly appreciated what she had done for them in fitting up their rooms, and were encouraged to go on and try to do their best in the interest of the work.

After the meeting ice cream and sandwiches were served by the auxiliary and the mothers met with Mrs. Bearmore and formulated plans for further meetings. A pleasant feature of the afternoon was the mothers' vote, which was given to the auxiliary.

The Star Study Class.

This club meets with Mrs. C. V. Kerch on Jefferson avenue on Thursday, Oct. 21st. The hostesses, besides Mrs. Kerch, being Mrs. Garst and Mrs. Vothman. The subject of the afternoon program are a reply to roll call with items of interest and a book review by Mrs. Dover.

The Art League.

This organization held its first meeting for the season on Friday, Oct. 22. It will be a Federation day program with reports from Mrs. Nuzum and Mrs. Pember, who were delegates to the state convention from the Art League. There will also be a business meeting.

The Philomathian Club.

This study class met with Mrs. C. V. Kerch on Jefferson avenue on last Saturday afternoon. The president, Mrs. Munn, was out of the city and the vice-president, Mrs. Whiffen, presided. Secretary, Mrs. Eddy, read the minutes of the last meeting and greetings were ordered sent by mail to Mrs. Allie Murdock, who is on a trip to the coast. The question of furnishing a room at the Y. M. C. A. was taken up and action postponed until the next meeting. The subject of the afternoon's program was the

recent meeting of the State Federation at La Crosse.

An address on this subject was given by Mrs. Campbell of Evansville, who brought out many interesting points. She spoke of the president, Mrs. Pennybacker, who was introduced to the convention as the "Little Corporal" of her enthusiastic work and her interesting paper with her message for the club women of "Investigation, Concentration and Elimination." She spoke of Miss adeline women called the Biennial Badgers. They were those who had attended the last biennial from Wisconsin and were working for the betterment of the next biennial. She was especially interested in the work of the legislative committee of the State Federation, whose duty it was to watch the proposed legislation along these subjects were introduced during the last session and they had and advice as to their purpose and about their provisions among their various committees. The oldest women's club in the state is believed to be the "Literary Club" of Wausau, established in 1848. It is now, and still in flourishing condition. Many good things were given in the federation meetings and some of these have been secured for this column.

An unprinted story, "The Stand of Music in the Public School" by Mrs. Bintliff will be given when space permits.

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The Loan Band.

The annual meeting of the Loan band was held in the church parlors Tuesday evening, October twelfth. Tea served at 6:15.

The Nominating committee gave their report, naming the following as officers for the ensuing year:

President—Miss Westlake  
 Vice-President—Mrs. A. C. Hough  
 Cor. Secretary—Miss Grace Spoon  
 Home Secretary—Miss Ethel Jenkins

Treasurer—Miss Frances Ryckman  
 Membership committee—Miss May Buckmaster, Miss Louise Myhr, Mrs. Charles Lange.

Whatsoever committee—East side, Mrs. Louth, Miss Craig; West side, Mrs. Pascoe, Miss Martha Spoon.

Program committee—Chairman, Miss Jennie Bommer.

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The treasurer gave her annual report and a thank offering taken for our Foreign fund.

Mr. Ewing addressed the society and having been in the foreign fields so recently gave us vivid descriptions of some of the work done there. Just at this time the society was celebrating the origin of this organization may be especially appropriate. Farewells had just been said to Miss Alice Little, who had sailed for far off Mexico, when it was considered by some of the young women of the Congregational church that if she could undertake a missionary life, they at least should heed the call to send, if they could not, a little sister.

Young women met with the mother and sister who had just parted from their well loved Alice. After considerable discussion, they organized under the order of the King's Daughters, taking the badge and motto of the order, the Maltese cross and "In His Name." It was decided to be a society for foreign missions alone and then the church came to the fore.

Some one said, "Let us take Edward Everett Hale's motto, 'Look out and not in and lend a hand.' The first clause was considered most appropriate and the title of the society of this, the word Loan was coined. This was Nov. 17, 1888.

Informal meetings were at first held at the homes of members, but as the numbers grew it became necessary to have the meetings in the church parlors, where a picnic supper is served at 6 o'clock. This enables many to attend whose time is well taken up and who might not be able to do otherwise. With devotion and the program of short papers on the United States lessons, the time is passed till 8 o'clock, when the meeting is promptly closed.

The society is a foreign missionary society and the pledge is definitely made for that purpose in the October meeting. But several years ago, they added a new object to the list of the selection, "My Task," and its sentiment was very appropriate to the occasion.

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## SUGAR BEET CROP IS ON INCREASE DUE TO THE WAR

Production Throughout State Is Increased By A Wide Margin—Figures of Crop.

Madison, Wis., Oct. 20.—That sugar beet production in Wisconsin is on the increase is the conclusion advanced in a report filed by J. A. Brock, sugar beet expert for the domestic sugar beet producers, with the state department of agriculture today. Last year, according to the report, there were 2,177 beet growers in Wisconsin, and they harvested 6,065 acres or 85,609 tons worth approximately \$370,943. This year the number of growers has increased to 3,153 with 15,447 acres. "Almost county ranks first this year in sugar beet production, 2,271 acres being under cultivation by 572 growers. Racine county ranks second with 1,569 acres and 238 growers. Other counties are as follows: Brown, 378 growers, 1,109 acres; Oconto, 238 growers, 788 acres; Milwaukee, 253 growers, 935 acres; Waukesha, 253 growers, 735 acres; Marinette, 234 growers, 440 acres; Fond du Lac, 149 growers, 818 acres; Outagamie, 123 growers, 542 acres; Kenosha, 119 growers, 1,325 acres; Washington, 105 growers, 371 acres; Winnebago, 104 growers, 769 acres; Rock, 91 growers, 565 acres; St. Croix, 52 growers, 113 acres; Door, 58 growers, 264 acres; Manitowish, 44 growers, 213 acres; Waupaca, 40 growers, 225 acres; Ozaukee, 40 growers, 174 acres; Sheboygan, 35 growers, 115 acres; Sheboygan, 26 growers, 147 acres; Jefferson, 24 growers, 140 acres; Dodge, 16 growers, 152 acres; Sauk, 20 growers, 90 acres; and Adams, 10 growers. These have from twenty-five to one grower in a county.

## NOTE BIG INCREASE IN INSANITY CASES

Forty-five Commitments Have Been Made to Mendota Asylum Since Beginning of Year.

Insanity in Rock county is increasing. This is indicated by the fact that forty-five commitments to the state hospital for the insane at Mendota have been made out in Judge Pfaff's court since the beginning of the year, or during the last nine and a half months, while the total number of insane persons committed for the twelve months of 1914 was but twenty-two. No cause for the unusual condition can be ascribed, although it is stated that five or six of the persons committed during recent months, the Harrison drug act has been in effect, owed their unsound mental condition to their inability to secure the accustomed amount of that commodity, however, for less than one-third of the increase.

Elected to Honor Society: Announcement was made here Saturday that Miss Helen S. Taylor of Janesville has been elected a member of the English club of Lawrence college, where she is a student in the junior class. As the membership is limited to twenty-five members and is based on scholarship, it is considered an important honor.

## WISCONSIN APPLES DAMAGED BY RUST

Wealthy Jonathan and Dudley Varieties of Apples May Be Extirpated by Apple Rust.

Madison, Wis., Oct. 20.—That the Wealthy, Jonathan and Dudley varieties of apples in Wisconsin may be exterminated by the apple rust, unless the growers take precautions to exterminate the red cedar on which the apple rust germinates is the opinion expressed in a bulletin on "Apple Rust Control" issued by the Wisconsin Experiment station today. The bulletin is prepared by L. R. Jones and E. T. Bartholomew, after several years of experimentation. Their conclusions seem to be verified by similar investigations carried on in a number of other states, notably Iowa, Nebraska, Virginia and West Virginia.

"Apple rust is on the increase in Wisconsin wherever the apple and red cedar are found growing in the same neighborhood," says the report. "The red cedar is widely scattered in southern and western Wisconsin, which means in all the important apple growing sections, except Door county and the Bayfield peninsula. The peculiar thing about the apple rust is that it appears as yellowish spots on both sides of the apple leaves in early summer and in severe cases causes premature dropping of the leaves. Several outbreaks for two or three years will seriously injure or kill the trees of susceptible varieties. The disease sometimes attacks the young fruit and the twigs.

"The rust passes from the apple leaves to the red cedar and causes gall-like swellings to appear on the cedar twigs the first season after infection. During the rains the following season these galls send out jelly like tongues bearing millions of spores. These spores in turn are carried by the wind to the apple leaves causing the rust spots."

The peculiar thing about the disease is that the rust cannot winter on the apple and can only live on the red cedar during winter. Their removal is urged. Rust seems to attack the Wealthy apple tree particularly.

## ANNUAL THANK OFFERING OF MISSIONARY SOCIETY WILL BE HELD TONIGHT

The Woman's Missionary Society of the Presbyterian church will hold their October meeting, at which time the annual thank offering for home missions is made, at the residence of Mrs. S. M. Smith this evening. The hostess, Mrs. Smith, has invited the society to take tea at 6:30. The program is to begin promptly at 7:30. The devotional service will be led by Mrs. S. M. Smith. An interesting paper has been prepared by Mrs. O. W. Thompson upon the topic, "Ideals that are Shaping the National Character." This is to be followed by the singing of the new national hymn as composed by the Rev. Charles Thompson, D.D., former pastor of the First Presbyterian church of this city, and national secretary of the Board of Home Missions of the Presbyterian church in the U. S. A. Mrs. Archie Reid is to read a paper on the topic, "How Home Missions Have Been a National Force in the Past." Then there will be a general discussion of current events and Mrs. R. Lamb will respond to the topic, "Some Examples of Home Missions as a National Force Within Ten Years." A very interesting map talk on Home Missions, "All Along the Trail," will be given by Miss May Clark.

## Milton Junction News

Milton Junction, Oct. 20.—Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Hult returned from their trip to the Lake Superior coast. Frank Miles was a business visitor at Johnson Creek Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip H. Cole, who have been visiting relatives here for the past month, left Tuesday for Milwaukee for a short visit before returning to their home at Lathrop, California.

Mr. H. W. Volmer and two children, who have been visiting at J. H. Volmer home, departed yesterday for Omaha, Nebraska, for a visit with her parents, before returning to their home in Portland, Oregon.

A. M. Thorpe and Robert Carr are on the sick list.

W. F. Bowers and family are spending a few days with Milwaukee relatives.

Mrs. S. C. Chambers spent Tuesday with Madison friends.

Mrs. H. Volmer, who has been spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Volmer, has returned to the University of Wisconsin at Madison.

Mrs. George McCulloch and daughter Wanda were guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Anson Bliven, of Edgerton, Tuesday.

Dr. E. B. Lofthorpe is spending a few days in Chicago.

Among the Janesville visitors from here yesterday were: Messrs. and Mrs. W. H. Casper and P. B. Goodrich, Messdames Lizzie Stone, George Stone, Thomas Driver and daughter Miss Hazel, and Misses Nettie Coon and Mamie Paul and Mr. and Mrs. F. Ruppner.

Miss Hildreth Hughes is assisting Mrs. Will Homes with her housework.

Dr. H. N. Volmer left last evening for Rochester, Minnesota, where he will spend a few days with friends.

Word has been received from Rev. Heiberg, South Dakota, that Mr. and Mrs. William Kiever are the proud parents of a son, born Tuesday morning. Mrs. Kiever was formerly Miss Stella Fulton.

Mrs. Nellie Jacobson of Clinton is a guest of Frank Miles and family.

Six of the telephone operators of Stoughton paid our local operators a pleasant call Tuesday.

Freight business has resumed normal trend in the German Empire.

Berlin, Oct. 20.—Figures showing the freight receipts of the various German railroads for the second ending of July 31, which have just been made public, indicate that business has fully resumed its normal trend and volume, after suffering severe depression soon after the outbreak of the war.

The roads in general did just 41.6 per cent. of their normal business in August, 1914. By January the volume was 99.1 per cent. of normal; and in July 87.6 per cent.

ELLIS S. ECHLIN IS GIVEN MUCH HONOR

Former Janesville Resident Elected to Tau Beta Pi at Armour Institute.

## Orfordville News

Orfordville, Oct. 19.—Cap Campbell of Chicago is in the village for a few days inspecting the tobacco crop.

Those who attended the social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Poynter, report a splendid time.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Braum welcomed a baby girl into their home Saturday night, Oct. 16.

Mr. and Mrs. George H. Rogers of Janesville, called at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Roe Tuesday evening of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Millard and children of Whitewater, visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hadley Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Walbrandt and children of East Troy, visited Mr. and Mrs. Fern Teetshorn and family Sunday, October 18th.

Mrs. George H. Roe entertained her cousin, Miss Kersner of Watertown, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Taylor from near Whitewater, attended the social at the Eugene Poynter home Friday night.

Mr. and Mrs. George Rogers of Janesville, came up here in their auto Sunday morning and took Geo. H. Roe and family to Fort Atkinson, where they all spent the day with relatives, returning by moonlight.

SAMUEL C. CAMPBELL DIES AT HIS MONROE HOME

Monroe, Wis., Oct. 20.—Samuel C. Campbell, a resident of Green county for the past forty-seven years, passed away at his home, 311 West Russell street, after a lingering illness caused by infirmities that brought on a general break down. He was born in Washington county, Virginia, on July 1, 1827, being 88 years of age. He came to Wisconsin in 1843, settling in Dane county. In March, 1868, he moved to Green county on a farm in York township, where he resided until September, 1892, when he sold his farm and moved to this city.

He was married in 1845 to Martha J. Cook, who passed away November 23, 1893. He again married October 30, 1895 to Mrs. Lucena Young, who survives him. Seven children were born to this union, three of whom preceded him in death. Besides his wife, Charles C. of this city, Mrs. E. H. Miller of Webster, S. D., Mrs. H. A. Etter of Superior, Wis. and Dr. B. C. Campbell of Madison, survive.

Mr. Campbell was an active worker in the Methodist Episcopal church, an institution he was affiliated with since he was 18 years of age. He was a well known and highly respected citizen.

FULTON

Fulton, October 20. President W. C. Daland of Milton college occupied the pulpit Sunday.

A social party will be held at the hall Friday evening, October 23rd to which all are invited. Coffee and doughnuts will be served for a small fee.

MAGNOLIA

Magnolia Center, Oct. 19.—Mr. and Mrs. Louis Woodstock entertained a number of relatives Sunday.

G. A. Croft was a Janesville visitor on Tuesday.

The Aid society meets with Mrs. Cora Saxe on Thursday afternoon.

Della Bowers was home from Madison Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Van Eula have returned from California.

Mr. and Mrs. Anderson are entertaining relatives.

## EAST MILTON

East Milton, Oct. 17.—Mr. and Mrs. Mikleston and daughter of Janesville and Mrs. Johnson and daughter of Sunday.

James Hayden and son, Will, of Black Earth spent Sunday with Mrs. George Hayden and daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. John Jennings called at Theo. Dickhoff's, Wednesday afternoon.

LIMA

Lima, Oct. 20.—Mr. and Mrs. Willard Reese spent Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. Burton in Whitewater.

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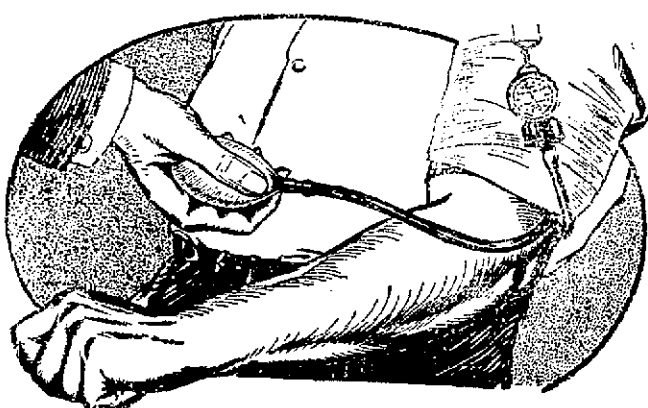
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## What Is Your Blood Pressure?

The age of the 40s is a critical period in every person's life. And one of the most common things that make it critical is increased "blood pressure" with its accompanying "hardening of the arteries."

Scientists have fully proven that increased blood pressure is caused by poisonous deposits in the delicate tissues of the arteries. One of the chief agents in this process is coffee, with its poisonous drug, caffeine.

"A man is as old as his arteries," life insurance companies say, and the Blood Pressure Test is one of the principal factors nowadays in determining a "risk."

How do you stand?

If there is any doubt about coffee's hurting—if you have frequent headaches, biliousness, sleeplessness, nervousness, or heart flutter—try a 10 days' change to

## Instant Postum

the pure food-drink.

Made of prime wheat roasted with a bit of wholesome molasses, Instant Postum contains no caffeine, no cumulative, harmful drug, nothing but the good food values of the cereal.

Postum comes in two forms: The original Postum Cereal—must be well boiled, and Instant Postum—the soluble form, made in the cup instantly.

One of the first steps away from increased Blood Pressure in coffee drinkers is POSTUM.

"There's a Reason"

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

## Safety First

C. & N. W. R. R. Passenger engine 1295 is in the shops for repairs.

Fireman Glover, who has been on runs 513 and 515, will fire on runs 507 and 508 out of Madison, as far as Wiona.

The bridge and builders' painting gang are brightening up the turntable with a fresh coat of paint.

The storehouse bowling pair are practicing every night to get in shape for the coming match with W. H. Wade and Earl Garbutt.

August Ring, night boiler maker, is back at work, after a visit at his home in Chicago.

M. J. McDermott has been relieving August Ring as night boiler maker.

Lewis Gestland is relieving Charles Starratt on the down town switch engine.

The Chicago & Northwestern is in the market for five hundred ore cars.

C. M. & St. P. R. R. The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul on September 15th added an observation car service to all its through trains between Chicago and the Pacific coast.

The Wisconsin conservation commission has received from the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul an appeal for protection from the colony of beaver which have taken it upon themselves to construct a dam on the banks along Bear Creek in Onondaga county, causing the water to back up and flood the railroad company's right of way in the vicinity of Merrill and Goodnow.

As beaver is protected by law, the railroad could not kill or trap the animals, even though their dams are causing washouts.

IS SURPRISED BY FRIENDS ON MONDAY EVENING

Timothy McCue was pleasantly surprised at his home Monday evening by a number of his young friends, the occasion being in honor of his birthday.

The evening was passed with music, dancing, cards and games. At midnight a delicious three course supper was served, plates being laid for thirty-five people. At a late hour the guests departed, wishing the host many more such happy events.

## UTTER'S CORNERS

Utter's Corners, Oct. 19.—Mr. and Mrs. Will Teetshorn and daughter, Arabelle, visited Rev. and Mrs. Peter Starr at Kenosha Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bagley and son, Hugo of Fort Atkinson, spent Sunday at the home of his grandfather, C. H. Sherman.

Thursday, October 19th, was the

## HEAVY MEAT EATERS HAVE SLOW KIDNEYS

Eat Less Meat if You Feel Backache or Have Bladder Trouble—Take Glass of Salts.

No man or woman who eats meat regularly can make a mistake by flushing the kidneys occasionally, says a well-known authority. Meat forms uric acid which excites the kidneys, they become overworked from the strain, get sluggish and fail to filter the waste and poisons from the blood, then we get sick. Nearly all rheumatism, headaches, liver trouble, nervousness, dizziness, sleeplessness and urinary disorders come from sluggish kidneys.

The moment you feel a dull ache in the kidneys or your back hurts or if the urine is cloudy, offensive, full of sediment, irritable of passage or attended by a sensation of scalding, stop eating meat and get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast and in a few days your kidneys will act fine.

This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate the kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer causes irritation, thus ending bladder weaknesses.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delicious effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and active and the blood pure, thereby avoiding serious kidney complications.

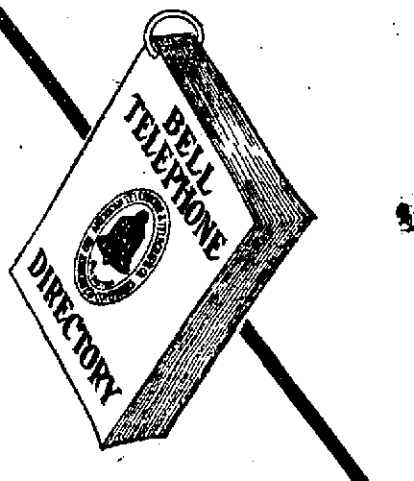
## "Bell" Telephone Directory GOES TO PRESS OCTOBER 25th

All changes in present listings, and all new listings should be arranged for at once.

If you are without service, order a telephone now and your name will appear in the new book.

WISCONSIN TELEPHONE COMPANY

W. N. CASH, Mgr. Telephone 1510

















# GIGANTIC TASK NOW CONFRONTS CARRANZA

PROBLEMS OF DISPELLING AN-  
ARCHY AND PAYING DEBTS  
FOLLOW LEADER'S  
RECOGNITION.

## MUST DIVIDE SPOILS

Obregon and Gonzales, Aides of First  
Chief, Must be Reckoned With  
in Political Settlement.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

City of Mexico, Oct. 20.—Washing-  
ton dispatches announcing recogni-  
tion for the de facto government of  
General Venustiano Carranza have  
been received here with deep interest  
and excited varied feelings.  
Mexicans for good and sufficient  
reasons are reluctant to express  
themselves on political affairs; their  
opinions or feelings can easily be  
surmised, but they are non-commi-  
tal. In general it may be said that  
the sentiment of this city is adverse  
to Carranza and his set. Not that  
there seems any likelihood that this  
sentiment will take shape in overt  
acts; but it exists. This the Car-  
ranzistas know well enough them-  
selves, and it is what they mean  
when they describe the City of Mex-  
ico as abounding in reactionary ele-

ments—the word "reactionary" has  
come to have as loose and arbitrary  
a meaning as the term "scientific."  
According to some well informed  
observers, recognition, instead of  
helping Carranza, will actually add  
to his troubles by focusing responsi-  
bility on his administration. There  
are numerous questions that can be  
brought up with awkward pointed-  
ness to a responsible executive that  
cannot always be discussed with one  
who, in foreign estimation, is merely  
a more or less irresponsible factional  
chief. Such questions are the re-  
sumption of interest and sinking fund  
service on the national debt, the re-  
turn of railways and other public  
utilities to their legitimate owners,  
the question of indemnities to for-  
eigners for lives and properties lost  
during the past five years of revolu-  
tion.

All this holds good whether Car-  
ranza himself assumes the headship  
of the government to be recognized  
or appoints one of the men who have  
stood by him, such as Pablo Gon-  
zalez or Salvador Alvarado, while he  
himself makes his preparations to  
run for the full term 1916-1922.

One of the questions discussed here  
with most interest, in the foreign cir-  
cles, is whether Carranza, even with  
recognition, can establish a solid  
government and control the situation  
throughout the republic. And the  
answer inclines to the negative, not  
out of prejudice against Carranza,  
but because it is thought that the  
difficulties of the task will be too  
much for the capacity of Carranza or  
any of the men surrounding him.

First, there are the political diffi-  
culties in the sense in which political  
matters are understood in Mexico.

It is taken for granted that politics  
in Mexico will continue to be what it  
always has been—i. e., purely per-  
sonal. (It is considered absurd to ex-  
pect at the present time that the  
Mexican people will take part in any  
political contest.) Some semblance  
of popular interest may be gotten  
up, but those who know, or ought to  
know, Mexico through long residence  
say that there has never been a time  
when the Mexican people have dis-  
played a more fatalistic apathy in  
the presence of political develop-  
ments than now.

It is, therefore, assumed that any  
political settlement reached will be  
in the shape of a personal deal be-  
tween Carranza and his chief follow-  
ers. National character, it is argued,  
does not greatly change, and the de-  
fects that have been observed in  
Mexican political regimes in the past  
are not confined to any one party or  
group of men, but spring from pe-  
culiarities of the Mexican character,  
and, therefore, are not likely to dis-  
appear.

Division of the Spoils.  
Now, it is not denied that Carranza  
so far seems to have maintained in  
his party a cohesion and an apparent  
discipline superior to those of the  
other factions, but it is maintained  
that Carranza has achieved this re-  
sult by allowing his chief subordi-  
nates considerable latitude in their  
acts, as, for example, when Obregon  
held this city in the early part of the  
present year and did more harm to  
the Carranzistas cause than he  
than Zapata and Villistas  
together by his oppressive misgov-  
ernment. At any rate, it is believed  
that the real test of the cohesion of  
the Carranzistas will come when  
they attempt to establish a regular

and settled government, and when it  
shall seem that they no longer have  
a formidable enemy in front.  
Pablo Gonzalez has through good  
fortune and ability, but it is as-  
sumed that there is a definite under-  
standing between the two men for  
the division of power.

Alvaro Obregon is a more uncer-  
tain factor. He has for some time  
past professed loyalty to Carranza,  
but it is known that at the time of  
the first occupation of Mexico City  
by the Carranzistas a year ago he  
criticized Carranza in no uncertain  
terms in his conversations with  
friends in the foreign colonies, and  
it is not forgotten here that it was  
Obregon who, in union with Villa,  
submitted to the first chief a series  
of proposals which would have de-  
barred Carranza from the presidency  
for the full regular term, inasmuch  
as Carranza should at once assume the  
title of provisional president, and  
another, that any one occupying the  
office of provisional president should  
be ineligible for the office of consti-  
tutional president.

Should Gonzalez and Obregon both  
remain loyal to Carranza, there is  
still little likelihood, in the opinion  
of careful observers, that the first  
chief will be able to bring peace to  
Mexico. It is held that even if Car-  
ranza's enemies—and they are many  
—are reduced to guerilla warfare,  
they can keep it up indefinitely and  
cause the government infinite trouble  
and expense.

The Financial Difficulty.  
But of all the difficulties which  
face a recognized Carranzista gov-  
ernment, the financial difficulty is the  
most formidable.

First, there is the question of the  
public debt. It is calculated that a  
settled administration, in charge of  
the national affairs, will have to re-  
pay and provide for a public debt  
of about 2,000,000,000 pesos, which  
will have to be met, principal and in-  
terest, at the par of exchange, viz.,  
50 cents American currency equals 1  
Mexican peso.

This debt will consist mainly of  
three factors:

1. The old public debt.
2. Current debt to be retired.
3. Indemnities to foreigners for  
losses during the last five years of  
revolution.

As for the old public debt, there is  
no question that it can be repudiated  
or questioned, as the loans con-  
stituting it were negotiated with  
every circumstance of validity and  
on terms extremely advantageous to  
the Carranzistas. The Carranzistas  
have proved, than Mexico deserved.

Prohibition Steps  
Succeed in Sweden

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Stockholm, Sweden, Oct. 13.—Al-  
though nothing so drastic as the  
prohibition measures of Russia has been  
attempting in Sweden, there has  
been, since the beginning of the war,  
a steady and systematic curtailment  
in the sale of liquor, which has  
provingly regarded by temperance  
advocates as a decided step toward  
absolute prohibition. The "Stock-  
holm system" of allowing each citizen  
only a fixed quantity of spirits was  
drunk, which was inaugurated just  
after the war started, has now been  
extended to thirty-one of the hundred  
districts in Sweden, and according to  
a government report, will, after the first of January, 1916,  
apply to the whole of Sweden.

The "Stockholm system" which al-  
lows every citizen in good standing  
in the city to become a moderate  
drinker, while effectively preventing  
him from becoming a drunkard, was  
ingeniously devised by Dr. Ivan Bratt,  
present director of the system, after  
all other expedients had failed. Dr.  
Bratt has been lauded, condemned,  
idolized, and ridiculed, and his work  
has become the theme of almost daily  
discussion in the newspapers. In  
Sweden some of which criticize him  
for being too moderate and others too  
extreme in his reforms. But on one  
point all are agreed. The system  
works.

In the first place, the liquor com-  
panies, while directed by private in-  
dividuals were practically made govern-  
ment concerns, for all profits were to  
go to the government. This removed  
any incentive on the part of the di-  
rectors to over-production. It was fol-  
lowed by a careful supervision of the  
supply of liquor furnished to hotels,  
restaurants and public houses. These  
places still had a right to as much  
liquor as they required, but they were  
only allowed profit on a reasonable  
amount of trade. If they did busi-  
ness in excess of that amount fixed  
by the government, they had to pur-  
chase this additional supply at retail  
price, and were forced to sell at the  
same price. This, it would seem,  
would have removed the zealous ef-  
fort of hotel proprietors to make  
their liquor trade as large as possible.

But none of these expedients was  
successful. The total consumption of  
liquor was scarcely diminished. The  
amount of drunkenness in Sweden  
showed no decrease, and hospitals  
and medical records were as full of  
alcoholic patients and cases of illness  
caused by alcoholism, as before. It  
was evident that the decrease in the  
amount of liquor sold at hotels and  
bars was offset by the increased busi-  
ness done at wine stores where  
customers bought a much better  
spirit as they liked and took it home  
for consumption.

The "book system" which is now in  
operation, was devised by Dr. Bratt  
at the beginning of the war. It allowed  
every citizen in good standing to  
buy one litre and no more of spiritu-  
ous liquor every five days. To make  
this plan feasible each person was  
provided with a small book resembling  
a commutation railroad ticket, from  
which a coupon was torn every time  
the consumer brought his litre of  
whisky, brandy, cognac, punch,  
champs, or whatever kind of alcoholic  
beverage he fancied. At the same  
time, his book was stamped with the  
date of the purchase so that it would  
be clear to the dealer when he made  
his last purchase. Without showing  
his book, no citizen of Stockholm has  
the remotest chance of obtaining a  
bottle of liquor anywhere in the city.  
The regulation is rigidly enforced.

It is true that in some cases, how-  
ever, exceptions are made. For ex-  
ample, the authorities that on ac-  
count of his social position and the  
demands of constant entertainment  
one litre every five days is totally in-  
adequate, and if the authorities are  
convinced that such a person can be  
trusted with more liquor without  
abusing the privilege conferred upon  
him, he is then given a special  
license to purchase one or more  
litres, according to the circum-  
stances. On the other hand if the  
person is a notorious drunkard, has a  
poor record, or has in any other way  
incurred the disfavor of the authori-  
ties, he is allowed no liquor at all.  
For purposes of ascertaining the  
standing of the citizen in the com-  
munity, an elaborate card catalogue  
system is maintained by the central  
bureau and all questions of allowing  
any person more or less than the  
ordinary amount of liquor are referred  
to this.

The results of this system are al-  
ready remarkable. In 1914 the total  
consumption of spirituous liquors was  
only 2,976,882 litres, compared with  
5,004,641 litres for the year before.  
The decrease in 1915 has been even  
more marked.

# LABOR STATISTICS AND LIVING COSTS IN GERMAN NATION

Dispute as to Whether Wages Have  
Increased Enough to Cover  
Increased Cost of  
Living.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Berlin, Oct. 19.—Labor statisticians,  
who have been watching the situation  
closely and critically as the months  
of war have passed, agree with a fair  
degree of unanimity on the general  
effect of the conflict on wages, but  
disagree to some extent on the  
relation between the wages paid today  
and the cost of living—as to whether  
or not the workman's pay has in-  
creased as fast as prices of food-  
stuffs have.

"They agree that the men in the  
"war materials" trades, and the work-  
men for that matter, today are earn-  
ing 50, 70 and even 100 percent more  
than they ever did before. In most  
cases the advance is nearer to 100  
percent than 50 or 70 because there  
is no limit to the amount of work to  
do, there is unlimited opportunity for  
over-time work, wages are higher  
than usual and help is scarce.

In other skilled trades that supply  
ordinary needs—the printing and  
carpenter trades for instance—the  
advance has been less, and in some  
great not so even. The printer is  
making from 3 to 5 marks a day more  
than he used to; the carpenter's gain  
depends on how much work he has  
and the amount of overtime he does;  
the brewer is getting an even 10  
marks more a week; the leather work-  
er, like the carpenter, can be gauged  
only by his capacity.

The benefits accruing to the un-  
skilled workers simply cannot be esti-  
mated because they are so variable  
and so dependent upon employers'   
generosity, chance circumstances and  
the like. The authorities are agreed  
that these workers have been less  
benefited than any others, but find  
it impossible to determine the degree  
of benefit.

Alwin Koersten, Secretary of the  
Central Employment Bureau of  
Berlin trades, who might be termed  
a walking statistical office, and who  
is constantly in close touch with  
workers of all kinds, is positive that  
living costs have advanced faster  
than wages, and that the "war ma-  
terials" workers are the only ones who  
have kept up.

He is convinced that food prices  
have risen from 80 to 100 per cent or  
faster than the wages; either of un-  
skilled labor or of those branches of  
skilled labor not engaged in making  
war materials. Though far from be-  
ing a pessimist, his inclination is to  
look at the matter from the stand-  
point of the many who have had a  
minimum of gain out of higher wages.  
Max Steffen, head of the huge em-

ployment agency for unskilled work-  
men, even less than Mr. Koersten,  
believes that prices have outstripped  
wages, chiefly because he is in closest  
touch with the great mass of men,  
and women, on whom the effect of  
the war has been more to give them  
work than to raise the wages they  
have been getting.

He has seen most of the thousands  
who drift into his enormous estab-  
lishment placed where they can earn  
a livelihood more rapidly than ever  
before, but he also has heard from  
countless lips the story of the dif-  
ficulty of making both ends meet.  
His own experiences with the cost of  
living has made him loathe to believe  
that the war has been an unmixed  
benefit for the worker who stays at  
home.

Quite a different opinion is Dr.  
O. Becker, head of the Association of  
German Employment Bureaus, who  
forms his opinion from facts and  
figures gathered from all parts of the  
German Empire, and who, in conse-  
quence, believes that the general sit-  
uation of the workman has vastly  
improved and that his wages, by and  
large, have gone up faster than the  
cost of living.

In arriving at this decision into ac-  
count the situation of the unskilled  
workers, and in agreeing with Mr.  
Steffen that their wage increases have  
not been appreciably great, Becker  
draws upon the fact that the average  
status of the country worker, in con-  
junction with the rapid decrease in  
non-employment, over-balances higher  
prices.

The women, far more than the men,  
have been the gainers in the unskilled  
trades, and to them, it is believed, is  
due the large and unexpected increase  
in savings deposits which the banks  
have recorded. A portion of them  
the minority it is estimated—live,  
it is true, had to go to work along-  
side husbands and brothers who are  
not serving in the army, but a larger  
portion are comparatively prosperous.

This is due, as Mr. Koersten  
explains roughly, to two things. In  
the first place the biggest, eater and  
most expensive member of the family,  
the man, is gone and the expenses of  
his upkeep are being met by the gov-  
ernment. In the second place, the  
woman now has more than one source  
of income—her share of her husband's  
pay and what she herself earns. This  
applies of course only to the working  
women.

Some fifty thousand women in  
Berlin alone are doing men's work.  
The greater part of them at the same  
time receive from the state at least  
the minimum of their support. The  
exact ratio of the present family in-  
come to that of, say, fourteen months  
ago, is unobtainable, but it is believed  
in a large number of cases to be near-  
ly as great as before.

With the family's chief expense  
away, it has been possible for the  
women to establish almost a record  
in saving. Thus the July deposits in  
Berlin savings banks this year were  
12,365,000 marks, as against 8,730,000  
marks last year. The withdrawals  
reached 4,105,000 marks, in com-  
parison with 9,286,000 marks in 1914.

an unusually high figure caused by  
the war scare. At the Berlin Municipal Savings  
bank alone the 107,681 depositors dur-  
ing the year ending August 31, 1915,  
banked 7,513,615 marks, an average  
of about 70 marks, where the average  
in 1913 and 1912 was only 57 marks,  
and in 1911 60 marks. In 1912 the  
savings books averaged 478 marks, in  
1913 the figure rose to 487 and in  
1914, to 500 marks. This average  
dropped in April only to 467 marks  
after 10,500,000 marks had been with-  
drawn by depositors within twelve  
days, and 18,000,000 and 30,000,000  
respectively had been put into the two  
war loans.



English woman worker in munitions factory.

English women by thousands are  
proving their patriotism by working  
in the munitions factories. Many of  
them have independent incomes suf-  
ficient to keep them in comfort, but  
go to the munitions factories, im-  
pelled by the same spirit that sends  
their husbands and brothers to the  
front line.

# HUGE PROBLEMS FACE CARRANZA; DEBT OF BILLION AND MANY POLITICAL TANGLES MAKE HIS TASK SEEMINGLY IMPOSSIBLE



Left to right: Gonzalez, Obregon and Carranza.

According to the best Mexican opinion, recognition by the United States and other powers of General Carranza has not ended that gentleman's troubles. Mexico now has a debt of a billion dollars, and internal conditions are so acute that permanent peace is considered impossible. Carranza's ablest advisers are General Pablo Gonzalez and General Alvaro Obregon. If he is to have any success at all it is believed that he must retain their staunch support.

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SWEATER COATS**, in all the new fall shades, Rose, Copen-  
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**HAND EMBROIDERED IMPORTED JAPANESE  
CREPE KIMONOS.** Embroidered in very pretty designs,  
colors, pink, blue, lavender, rose, Copenhagen, etc. Prices  
range from ..... **\$1.75 to \$4.50**

**HAND EMBROIDERED IMPORTED JAPANESE SILK  
KIMONOS** in a nice assortment of colors in pretty floral  
designs. Prices range from ..... **\$10.00 to \$16.00**

**JAPANESE SILK WADDLED VESTS,** made by hand  
from Habutia Silk, heavily wadded to insure warmth.  
Each is made with silk inside and out, an interlining  
of cotton that is hand-laid and quilted, colors, plain black  
and white, also black and white, lavender and white,  
at ..... **\$1.50, \$1.75 to \$3.50**

**BEACON BLANKET BATH ROBES** in floral designs,  
also plaids, Chinese and Indian designs at prices ranging  
from ..... **\$2.75 to \$6.50**

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Ages 6 to 14 yrs.

Our showing of Children's Coats at this time is without a doubt, the best to be found  
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cut in latest fashion and the prices are moderate, in reach of all, **\$4.50 to \$10.00.**  
The materials are Plushes, Corduroys, Tweeds, Wool Lambs, and Fancy Mixtures.

## Womens Bath Robe Special at \$2.29

Tomorrow we offer 50 beautiful Bath Robes, your choice **\$2.29.** This is an oppor-  
tunity you cannot afford to miss as this is an unusual offering. Think of it, a large full cut  
robe, made of excellent quality Robing, with cord and tassels to match, in good assortment of  
colors, at this low price. We might suggest one of these beautiful Robes for a Xmas. Gift.

## Hand Bag Special

200 Beautiful Leather Bags on sale at **\$1**  
All these bags are made of excellent qual-  
ity leather fitted with inside frames beauti-  
fully lined and many have the new jeweled  
clasp. Very special ..... **\$1.00**  
Equal to other \$1.50 values.

## New Middy Apron

On sale 2nd floor.  
We will have on display and sale tomorrow  
250 of these popular and serviceable aprons,  
made up in good assortment of light and dark  
percales. The regular price of this apron is  
65c; in order to introduce them we offer for  
one day only, your choice ..... **50c**

## New Serge Dresses Arrived Today

**PRETTY PLAIN TAILORED MODELS MADE OF EXTRA QUALITY BLUE AND RED  
SERGE, SUITABLE FOR STREET WEAR AND OFFICE GIRLS. PRICES \$11.50  
AND \$13.50.**

## From Our Dress Goods Section

Beautiful Chiffon Cloths, very desirable  
this season for over dresses, waist and trim-  
mings, a full line of plain colors in good  
weight cloth, 40 inches wide, special, yd. **\$1**

New Plaid Chiffon Cloth, very desirable  
at this time; colors: navy, green, tan; 30 inches  
wide; special, yard ..... **\$1.00**  
40-in. Satin Ribbon Stripes Chiffon Cloth,  
black, white and heliotrope, at yard **\$2.25**